



Source: Cartoon postcards produced by the Dunston-Weiler Lithograph Company of New York opposing woman suffrage.

1909. Palczewski, Catherine H. Postcard Archive. University of Northern Iowa. Cedar Falls, IA.



# TENN. HOUSE RATIFIES SUFFRAGE REDS IN ROUT BEFORE POLISH CAPITAL

## TENN. HOUSE RATIFIES THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT AFTER VOTE TO TABLE RESOLUTION IS LOST BY TIE VOTE

26,000,000 American Women Are Given Ballot After Bitter 72-Year Fight Started By Susan B. Anthony—Tennessee House Vote is 50 to 46 in Favor—Suffragists Stage Demonstration After Long Fight Is Won

### ANTIS WILL ATTEMPT TO HAVE QUESTION RECONSIDERED

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 18 (United Press).—The Tennessee House of Representatives today voted to ratify the federal suffrage amendment. The vote was 49 to 47.

Speaker Walker immediately changed his vote. By changing his vote Walker gained the right to have two days in which to move for reconsideration.

This made the vote 50 to 46. Immediately after the vote the House went into adjournment. Leaders of the suffrage forces declared it will be "absolutely impossible" for Speaker Walker to change the result through a reconsideration.

The vote to ratify came after a vote to table the ratifying resolution was defeated, 48 to 48. Before the vote to table was taken Speaker Walker announced that if the resolution went to the table it was killed. Walker then moved to table the resolution. Confusion reigned after the vote was announced and the sergeant-at-arms was called upon to restore order.

A fight was imminent between Representatives Riddick and Walker. The speaker rapped ineffectually for order, which finally was restored with the question still in doubt.

"If you don't be quiet I'll adjourn the House," the speaker shouted. Then he said there will be another roll call, which was started.

The clerk announced the result of the second roll call on the question of tabling the resolution was 48 to 48.

Voting was again started on the question of ratification. The vote was 49 to 47.

The anti-suffragists immediately will begin work to get a reconsideration.

Commenting on the suffrage victory, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National Woman's Suffrage Association, who directed the fight for suffrage, said today:

"For the country and the world, this victory means this government which purports to be 'by the people,' is indeed by the people and not half of them.

"For the women the suffrage victory means opportunity for more work and added responsibility. It is too tedious to come with a check of surprise. We have been ready for it. We are ready for work that lies ahead."

The 19th amendment to the Federal constitution providing equal suffrage for women became effective today when its ratification was completed by the Legislature of Tennessee.

Tennessee furnished the thirty-sixth and final State needed to make up the three-fourths majority of all the States required to amend the constitution. The House approved a resolution of ratification after a spirited debate. The Senate had adopted an identical resolution last week. The final vote was 50 to 46.

Women now will be able to vote in the November elections on equality with men unless the amendment is blocked in the courts or a reconsideration changes the result.

The vote in the House came with dramatic suddenness after an ineffectual effort to table the resolution of ratification had been made.

### DEL. WOMEN TO VOTE IF TEAN. ACTION STANDS

Unless legal action over ratification by Tennessee holds up the putting of the Federal suffrage amendment in effect, Delaware women will get a chance to vote at the general election in November.

Two more days remain in Delaware for the registration of voters. The last day is September 1. Foulk, secretary of the Department of Elections today, said:

"It will be necessary for women to register on those two days, unless the Delaware Legislature should be called into special session to provide additional registration days.

The constitution of Delaware extends suffrage only to men of the age of 21 years and upwards.

The Federal amendment, however, is so worded as to extend the ballot to women as well as men regardless of the constitution of the various States.

A question may be raised, however, as to whether Delaware women, because of the provisions of the State Constitution, will be limited only to voting for President, Vice-President, United States Senator and Congressmen—all Federal offices—and not permitted to vote for State, county and district officers, until the Delaware constitution is changed.

"We're ready to go ahead with the registration of women whenever necessary," said Lambert J. Foulk, secretary of the Department of Elections today. "It will make us busy, but I think we can register all who apply in the next two days."

The Delaware Legislature met in special session in March, and adjourned in June after refusing to ratify the Federal amendment.

Governor Townsend could not be reached by telephone early this afternoon to learn whether he will call a special session of the Legislature to make changes in the election laws to provide for women registering and voting.

Mrs. Florence Bayard Hilles, suffrage worker at Nashville, Tenn., in behalf of the cause, Mrs. Henry Ridgely, president of the Delaware Equal Suffrage Association, was not at home when an expression was sought from her.

"I am very much gratified and also surprised."

This statement was made this afternoon by Mrs. Martha A. Granston, of Newport, veteran suffrage worker of Delaware, when informed by a

### Suffrage Ratification Facts

(Those starred ratified at special sessions.)

Gov.	Legis.	Senate	House
1 Wisconsin.....	R	June 10	54-2
2 Michigan.....	R	June 10	Unan.
3 Kansas.....	R	June 16	Unan.
4 Ohio.....	R	June 16	25-3
5 New York.....	R	June 16	Unan.
6 Illinois.....	R	June 17	Unan.
7 Pennsylvania.....	R	June 24	32-6
8 Massachusetts.....	R	June 25	34-5
9 Texas.....	D	June 29	Unan.
10 Iowa.....	D	July 2	Unan.
11 Missouri.....	D	July 3	28-3
12 Arkansas.....	D	July 20	29-2
13 Montana.....	D	July 30	28-1
14 Nebraska.....	R	August 2	Unan.
15 Minnesota.....	R	Sept. 8	60-5
16 New Hampshire.....	R	Sept. 10	14-10
17 Utah.....	D	Sept. 30	Unan.
18 California.....	R	Nov. 1	Unan.
19 Nevada.....	R	Nov. 5	21-5
20 North Dakota.....	R	Dec. 2	24-4
21 South Dakota.....	R	Dec. 4	Unan.
22 Colorado.....	R	Dec. 12	Unan.
23 Rhode Island.....	R	Jan. 6	37-1
24 Kentucky.....	D	Jan. 6	30-8
25 Oregon.....	R	Jan. 12	Unan.
26 Indiana.....	R	Jan. 16	Unan.
27 Wyoming.....	R	Jan. 27	Unan.
28 Nevada.....	D	Feb. 7	Unan.
29 New Jersey.....	D	Feb. 10	18-2
30 Idaho.....	R	Feb. 11	29-6
31 Arizona.....	D	Feb. 12	Unan.
32 New Mexico.....	R	Feb. 19	17-5
33 Oklahoma.....	D	Feb. 27	24-5
34 West Virginia.....	D	March 10	15-14
35 Washington.....	D	March 22	Unan.
36 Tennessee.....	D	August 18	25-4

7,000,000 were already entitled to vote for members of Congress under the Federal suffrage amendment.

26,881,566 women are made eligible to vote in all elections.

17,000,000 were already entitled to vote for members of Congress under State laws.

(These figures are number of women 21 and over in the United States estimated for 1920 from 1910 census.)

### HISTORY OF STRUGGLE FOR WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Colonial period—Under several colonial governments women voted.

At the time of American revolution—Women demanded to be included in government. Abigail Adams wrote to her husband, John Adams, "If women are not represented in this new republic, there will be another revolution."

1848—Woman's Rights Convention at Seneca Falls, N. Y., arranged by Loretta Moten and Elizabeth Cady Stanton. The first big suffrage demonstration in this country.

From 1848 to Civil War—Efforts made to have State laws altered to include women. Susan B. Anthony became a leader in the movement for political freedom during this period.

At the close of Civil War—Suffragists attempted to secure an interpretation of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments that would permit women to vote.

1872—Miss Anthony made the test in 1872 of voting at the polls. She was arrested, refused to pay her fine but was never jailed.

1875—Amendment drafted—Miss Anthony drafted the Woman Suffrage Amendment which reads: "The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex."

1878—Amendment introduced in Senate by Senator Sargent of California. State campaigns—Side by side with the effort to secure Federal action the State campaigns began in 1848 were continued. Miss Anthony always advocated securing suffrage by Federal action and protested against the necessity of laborious State campaigns.

By the end of 1912 women had the right of vote in nine States, Wyoming (1890), Colorado (1900), Utah (1894), Washington (1910), California (1911), and Kansas, Arizona and Oregon (1912).

In 1912 the women of Illinois won State and Presidential suffrage. In 1914, the women of Montana and Nevada were enfranchised; in 1917, the women of New York; and in 1918, the women of Oklahoma, South Dakota and Michigan.

1913—Organization of the National Woman's Party—When the National Woman's Party was called the Congressional Union, was organized to concentrate on a campaign for Federal amendment, no action or even debate on the Federal amendment had

taken place in Congress since 1887. Politicians were opposed and political party platforms silent about the amendment. The President, leader of the party in power, stated that suffrage was a question to which he had given no thought.

Within seven years every political party had included in its platform an equal suffrage plank. President Wilson had publicly appealed for the passage of the amendment as "a vitally necessary measure."

The National Woman's Party from the beginning adopted the policy of holding the party in power responsible for the fate of the amendment and brought pressure on that party through the political power already in the hands of the western women.

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WEATHER  
Fair tonight and Thursday,  
moderately warm; moderate  
winds, mostly southwest.

# The Evening Journal

Circulation 19,805  
Yesterday

Non-Returnable

THIRTY-SECOND YEAR. NO. 249.

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1920.

20 PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

## GOVERNOR OFFERS TO STEP ASIDE FOR DELEGATE

### TRY MARTENS AS PLOTTER AGAINST U.S.

Bolshevik Ambassador Accused of Membership With Revolutionists

### NO TRADE RELATIONS IF CASE IS PROVED

WASHINGTON, March 31 (United Press).—Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, Bolshevik "Ambassador" to the United States, went on trial before Acting Secretary Post, of the Labor Department here today, charged with membership in a society advocating overthrow by force of the United States government. Proof of the charge will make it mandatory upon the Labor Department to deport Martens to Russia, according to a recent interpretation of the law by Secretary Wilson.

Upon the outcome of his case depends the question whether trade relations may be resumed between the United States and Russia, according to Martens today.

Martens is charged with being a member of the Russian communist party. Most officials of the soviet government are members of the Russian Communist party which now is seeking to overthrow the present United States Government through propaganda calling for a rebellion, according to Justice Department officials.

Secretary Wilson, of the Labor Department, ruled that any alien member of the United States Communist party must be deported since evidence presented to him by the Justice Department convinced him that that party is teaching overthrow of the government by force. Wilson, however, has not ruled that the Russian Communist party seeks overthrow by force of the United States Government. In a brief filed with the Labor Department the Justice Department seeks to prove this.

"If no member of the Russian communist party may be legally admitted to the United States," said Martens today. "It will seriously hamper reopening of trade between the two countries. Several months ago I was instructed to work for the reception of a soviet trade commission to the United States."

"One such commission is now on its way from Russia to England. All members of the commission also are members of the Russian Communist party. If a similar mission must be excluded from the United States because its members also may happen to be members of the Russian Communist party,"

Continued on Page Eleven.

### PEACE RESOLUTION IN HOUSE FRIDAY

WASHINGTON, March 31. (United Press).—The resolution to declare peace between the United States and Germany will be called up in the House Friday, Chairman Campbell of the rules committee and Chairman Porter of the foreign affairs committee said this morning.

A final draft of the resolution has been agreed to by the Republican leaders. It was said, and it will be introduced in the House today, both said. Consideration and a favorable report by the foreign affairs committee is expected tomorrow and the rules committee, Campbell said, is ready to make the special order of the House on the following day.

### BRIEF VACATION FOR THE RURAL PUPILS

The public schools of the city and county will close tomorrow afternoon for Easter vacation, but for much different periods.

Whereas the schools in Wilmington will remain closed until Monday morning, April 12, those in the county will resume work next Tuesday morning. The latter plan is in keeping with the general policy of the County Board of Education in reducing the number of holidays throughout the year to a minimum. This plan has been adopted in a number of other States throughout the country, and according to educators, has been found advantageous.

### TODAY'S TEMPERATURE.

At The Evening Journal Office.  
8:00 A. M. . . . . 65  
12:00 P. M. . . . . 72  
10:00 A. M. . . . . 66  
1:00 P. M. . . . . 73

### SUN AND TIDE.

Sun rises . . . . . 5:46 A. M.  
Sun sets . . . . . 6:23 P. M.  
Mouth of Christina.  
High water . . . . . 9:40 A. M.  
Low water . . . . . 10:15 A. M.

### LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—IN PLOOD, FISHING SKIFF, 17 feet; Parmer engine. Reward. Thomas Barlow, Eleventh street bridge. mar31-3t.

LOST—\$44, GOING FROM FOURTH AND Shipley to 14th and Walnut streets, at noon today. Reward if returned to Evening Journal Office or 1301 Anchorage street. mar31-4t.

Continued on Page Seventeen

### THEVES BACK TO HIGH CARNIVAL IN NINTH WARD

Twelve Robberies or Attempts Within Week Again Alarm Residents and May Necessitate Plain Clothes Guard for East Side. Jewelry, Money, Tools and Milk Are Loot of Burglars

### YOUNG WOMAN IN BED

### FEELS TOUCH OF THIEF

An epidemic of robberies in the Ninth Ward during the past week, numbering not less than twelve, has caused considerable alarm among the residents of that section and may result in a special guard of plain clothes men for that section.

Two of the robberies or attempted robberies, occurred early last week, one on West Twenty-third street, and the other on West Twenty-fourth street, about three squares from Market street, but in neither of these cases was much of value taken.

On Friday night the milk depot of Clarence Fain, of Vandover avenue and Maple street, was broken open, entrance being made by cutting away a screen and prying the window open. Here the thieves rifled the cash register and got a few dollars in change, and also a quantity of tools, which Mr. Fain values at \$5. Here the thieves broke open a milk box and secured a quantity of milk and cream, which they drank, throwing the empty bottles on the cement floor.

Three times last week the machine shop of Robert E. Francois, on Pine street below Vandover avenue, was entered by burglars and a quantity of tools taken on each visit. Mr. Francois said this morning that if these visits continue he will not have any tools with which to work.

Shortly after midnight on Monday

night, the burglar visited the home of Harry Butler, No. 315 East Twenty-second street, but as Mr. Butler happened to arrive home just as the burglars had begun operations on the rear window of the kitchen, he scared them away. A boarder, named Harper, who accompanied Mr. Butler, hearing the noise, opened his bedroom window just in time to see the man beating a hasty retreat as Mr. Butler opened the back door.

Shortly before this visit the burglar had visited the adjoining house, No. 317 East Twenty-second street, occupied by Norman Robinson, and succeeded in prying open the screen door on the back porch, but evidently was frightened away.

At the home of John Boyce, No. 1818 Church street, burglars forced entrance by prying open a rear door. Here they stole a gold watch and chain, valued at \$50, from Mrs. Boyce, a quantity of second street, and again attempted to make an entrance to the house by prying open a back door, but were scared away.

Burglars also entered the yard of John Boulden, of No. 603 East Twenty-second street, and again attempted to make an entrance to the house by prying open a back door, but were scared away.

Continued on Page Eleven.

### PHYSICIANS ASK DRY LAW CHANGE

Seek Amendment to Permit Prescribing Liquor for Medicinal Purposes

### REPLY TO LETTER OF ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

The Legislative Committee of the New Castle County Medical Society today made public the following statement in reply to a circular sent through the mail, the heading of which is "Wheeler riddles doctors' Bill."

"The physicians of Delaware received through the mail this morning a communication signed by the 'Anti-Saloon League of Delaware' purporting to be the statement of Wayne B. Wheeler, their national attorney. The statements made in this communication have already been published in the local newspapers under glaring headlines accusing the doctors of being liquor lobbyists and through ignorance or deliberate intent, fighting not their own battles, but that of the liquor traffic. It ends by saying: 'We are sure every reputable doctor regards this.'"

"We wish to answer and say that every reputable doctor regards this as a direct insult, and if such tactics are continued there is no doubt, but that soon the influence and support of the medical profession will be exerted against the sources from which these accusations arise."

"We wish to state briefly and precisely just what we are asking for, and we are perfectly willing to let the public, which consists of our patients, be the judges of whether our demands are just, reasonable and consistent."

"First of all the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of

Continued on Page Two.

### STATE METHODISTS TO VOTE AGAINST UNION

At a meeting of ministerial and lay delegates to General Conference of the M. E. Church, held directly after the adjournment of the Wilmington Conference, on Monday afternoon, preliminary arrangements were made for attendance at the General Conference. The Rev. Robert Watt, superintendent of Wilmington District, was appointed chairman of the committee on transportation and entertainment.

General Conference will convene in Des Moines on May 1. The Wilmington delegates will go instructed to vote against the submitted plan for unification of the Methodist Episcopal Church with the Methodist Episcopal Church, South; against any change in the church discipline which forbids dancing, theatre-going and early playing; and against the constitutional amendment to admit laymen into equal membership with ministers in the Conferences.

### ALL OF FUND GOES TO NEEDY

\$155,000 Subscribed Here for Jewish Relief to Remain Intact

### CAMPAIGN PAID FOR BY FRIEND

An aftermath of the Jewish Relief campaign is the announcement—gratifying alike to Chairman Nathan Miller and his associates of the committee as well as the contributors and all others who assisted—that the expense of the drive is entirely apart from the money raised. In other words, every penny raised will go to the purpose which it was secured—the relief of the six million starving men and women and million suffering children in Eastern Europe.

There were two circumstances that brought about this condition. One was that a friend of the cause in Delaware, a man who had made considerable money in the oil fields of the west but who would not permit the use of his name, has underwritten the entire expense of the campaign locally. Besides this, the local committee was not required to meet the expenses of the campaign director, Isidor Coons. Mr. Coons is engaged on salary basis by national headquarters and was sent here to assist in the Delaware campaign.

That Mr. Coons established a permanent place for himself in the hearts of all with whom he was associated during the campaign was indicated at the final dinner Monday night. When his name was mentioned by Chairman Miller the entire audience immediately arose to acclaim kindly feeling for the director and he was called upon to make a speech to which he responded fittingly.

Mr. Coons is a "dyed-in-the-wool" newspaper man and to the direct action methods acquired during his experience with the Fourth Estate his success as a campaign manager is attributed. He is a resident of Wilkesbarre, Pa., and for many years was editor and city editor of The Evening News, of Wilkesbarre. When the war emergency called he enlisted in the Emergency Training Camp at Madison Barracks, N. Y., and Continued on Page Eleven.

### DR. MOORE MAY GO TO BALTO. CONFERENCE

A transfer of the Rev. F. X. Moore from Wilmington Conference to Baltimore Conference will probably be made, if an exchange can be arranged with Baltimore Conference. Dr. Moore was appointed to the pastorate of the church in Milton next year, but owing to his wife's illness, she cannot go to Milton and he is anxious to be near her in Baltimore.

A Safe Spring Tonic, CLOVER DAIRY BUTTERMILK—Adv.

### CAPITAL NOT SURPRISED BY HOOVER MOVE

Other Presidential Aspirants Will Continue Their Fight For High Office

### WANTS G. O. P. TO GIVE HIM LIBERAL PLATFORM

WASHINGTON, March 31. (United Press).—Word from San Francisco that Herbert Hoover in a telegram to the Hoover clubs of California has virtually announced that he would be willing to run for president on the Republican ticket if a liberal platform were adopted, caused no surprise in Washington. For weeks Hoover has been regarded as a candidate and later it was generally predicted he would run as a Republican if at all.

His announcement, according to belief of the Democratic and Republican headquarters, will make no great difference in the fight for the nomination now being waged by other aspirants. Senator Johnson is expected to center his fire for a time on his fellow Californian's statement that he favors the peace treaty with reservations. Johnson wants the Republican nomination on the platform of absolute rejection of the treaty.

Democrats admitted Hoover had made a clever move in declaring for ratification with reservations.

In this, it was pointed out, he is already carrying the fight directly to President Wilson, who according to all indications would like to see the campaign fought on the issue of straight out, unqualified ratification or no treaty at all.

Senators generally stated they were glad Hoover had "found what party he belonged to."

"I am glad Mr. Hoover has found the asylum of a party," said Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey.

"Hoover's action shows his good sense," said Senator Spencer, Missouri. Senator Kendrick, Wyoming, a Democrat said: "It would help some to know where Hoover stands."

Senator New, Indiana, declared he had known for some time that Hoover was about to announce himself as a Republican.

"I think Hoover will be welcome," said New.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31. (United Press).—Herbert Hoover, in a telegram to the H. O. P. Club of California, made public last night, declared he is naturally affiliated with the "independent element" of the Republican party and if the party adopts a "forward looking, liberal, constructive platform" and is "neither reactionary nor radical" he will give it his "entire support."

Hoover said he was in favor of a league of nations with proper reservations safeguarding American interests.

"The recent developments over the treaty, stagnation in adjustment of our great economic problems and particularly the many urgent representations that I have received as to the situation in my own State convince me that it is my duty to condemn the action that my Republican friends there have already taken without consulting me," the telegram said in part.

The California preferential and direct primaries are scheduled for May 4. The State law provides a candidate must make a declaration of principles at least 30 days before the primaries. California is the home State of both Hoover and Senator Hiram Johnson. The latter is making his fight there on a program including opposition to the league of nations in any form.

### GOVERNMENT THINKS WELL OF MD. ROADS

Special To The Evening Journal.

ELKTON, Md., March 31.—The United States Bureau of Public Roads has leased several handsome photographs of Maryland roads.

Walter Keith, aged 14 years, is in custody of Sheriff Lewis A. Seth, at the Elkton jail. Walter was arrested by Perryville railroad detectives at that town, and did not seem to be able to give a very satisfactory account of himself.

Cards of invitation to the marriage of Miss Emily Blake Frazer have been issued by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Frazer, of Elkton. Miss Frazer will become the bride of Lieutenant Frank E. Williams, son of former Senator and Mrs. Frank E. Williams, of Elkton, on Saturday April 10.

On Easter Sunday, the Rev. Alfred Lee Jones will sever his connection with the Trinity parish, Elkton. He has accepted a call to Trinity Church, Wilmington, as curate.

The Rev. H. E. Reed, who for three years has been pastor of the James' M. E. Church, of Rising Sun, Pa., has accepted a call to Langhorne, Pa., M. E. Church.

MANION IN AGAIN AS DRUNK. Pleading guilty to a charge of drunkenness, Thomas Manion was fined \$10 and costs by Deputy Judge Finer, in Municipal Court this morning. Manion has a rather lengthy police record.

Certified Milk for Infants—Clover Dairy Co.—Adv.

### MR. TO WNSSEND WOULD STEP ASIDE TO PASS SUFFRAGE; HART BALKS AT VOTE TODAY

OCCUPATION OF RUHR DISTRICT BY GERMANY IS OPPOSED BY FRANCE

### MISS. MAY PUT SUFFRAGE OVER

Governor Telegraphs Delaware Women To Be "Of Good Cheer"

### EXPECT FAVORABLE HOUSE VOTE SOON

JACKSON, Miss., March 31. (United Press).—Flushed with success over their victory in the State Senate yesterday, suffrage leaders today were moving to secure the return of all absent members of the lower House for a possible vote on the suffrage amendment before Saturday.

Governor Lee M. Russell expected to go before the House today and urge ratification of the measure. "I believe that Mississippi will be the 36th State to ratify the Federal amendment," Russell said today. "The House will pass the measure without an extension of the session."

Russell today telegraphed suffrage leaders in Delaware to be of good cheer and predicted that Mississippi would ratify the act.

### LEVY COURT OF THREE MEMBERS

Representative Danzenbaker Offers Such Bill for New Castle County

### WOULD MERGE ALL ALMSHOUSES IN ONE

Staff Correspondent.

STATE HOUSE, DOVER, March 31.—Senator Murphy of Harrington introduced in the Senate yesterday afternoon a bill authorizing the Kent County Levy Court to borrow \$1,000,000 to build State aid roads.

Provision for the sale of the almshouses in the three counties and for establishing a State Relief Home, near Dover, in Kent county is made in a bill introduced by Senator Palmer. It provides that the New Castle County Hospital be sold to the State Hospital for the Insane and that all the other lands and buildings of the county hospital not needed for the State Relief Home be sold at auction. It sets out that 50 per cent. of the money so derived be turned over to the State Treasurer to be held as a separate fund to provide accommodations for inmates of the almshouse; 40 per cent. be used as a reorganization fund for the purchase of land and erection of buildings at the State Relief Home and the remaining 10 per cent. divided among the three counties for outdoor relief.

The Senate adopted the House concurrent resolution relative to shutting off new business but fixed today as the last day. The resolution when it came from the House fixed yesterday as the final time for introducing new bills. It was sent back to the House for action by that body accepting today as the last for new business.

The bill introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Danzenbaker providing for a three commissioner Levy Court for New Castle county at a salary of \$5,000 a year each does not "rip" any of the present Levy Court members of that county out of office. It provides, however, that successors to the four members of the Court whose terms expire this year not be elected. The three remaining Levy Court members whose terms do not expire until 1922 would serve out their terms, but three new commissioners from new district would be elected. The new districts are divided as follows: First district, Wilmington; Continued on Page Eleven.

### LAW, NOT M'LAUGHLIN, HAS THE SAY NOW

The order against William McLaughlin for the support of his wife was increased from \$3.50 to \$10 a week by Deputy Judge Finer, in Municipal Court this morning. The couple have been married forty-one years and have had seven children.

When McLaughlin was asked if he had anything to say, he remarked to the judge that he did not see why he should pay his wife anything anyway. He was given to understand that other questions could not be come into at this time; that the law settled the support question several years ago.

### SMOKING VESUVIUS SCARES NAPLES TODAY

NAPLES, March 31. (United Press).—Great columns of smoke which issued from Mount Vesuvius today alarmed the population. The director of the Vesuvius observatory said there was no cause for fear. He characterized the phenomenon as the usual spring manifestation of the volcano.

Governor Says Issue is Too Big for Personality of Any Man to Stand in Way of Makes His Offer in Conference of Republican Legislators

### RATIFY TODAY IS HIS CONDITION

Staff Correspondent.

DOVER, Del., March 31.—Governor John G. Townsend, Jr., at conference of the Republican members of the Senate and House this morning offered to withdraw from the fight for delegate to the Republican National Convention in Sussex county if the Republican members of the Legislature would put over the Suffrage Ratification Amendment.

The conference adjourned without taking any action on the proposition. There is a difference of opinion of what the members will do on the proposition. There seems to be an impression that some of the members are now so stubborn that they will even refuse to agree to this offer of sacrifice on the part of the Governor and will kill suffrage in Delaware.

To the surprise of every one, Representative Hart at 2 o'clock this afternoon announced, in reply to a question from Speaker Corbit, that he was not ready to call up the suffrage resolution.

Five minutes before this Mr. Hart said he would call it up and even Speaker Corbit said he understood it was to be called up.

Mr. Lloyd stated that Mr. Hart had promised and he believed in holding a man to his promise. He asked if there was no way the bill could be forced up by suspension of rules.

Speaker Corbit replied that the rules could be suspended by a two-thirds vote.

Mr. Lyons said there was no use talking about suspending the rules, that it could not be done, evidently meaning the "antis" did not have enough votes.

Mr. Mulvena said it was another case of "outside influence." He said Senator Walker had called Mr. Hart out of the room only a few minutes before.

Mr. McNabb objected to the delay and said it was nothing but a trick. "They are trying to put some thing over that they can't put over," he added.

Mr. Soper said he had other business.

(Continued on Page Seven.)

### SAY HE STOLE HIS OWN SON

Has Lad Anyway, So Silfies Wants Support Order Cancelled

### MOTHER'S DYING REQUEST HEARD

Accusation that Harry Silfies stole his own 7-year-old boy was made by Philip L. Garrett, representing the man's deceased wife's mother, when application was made by John F. Lynn, attorney for Silfies, for the revocation of a non-support order against the client for the support of the child in Municipal Court this morning.

Mr. Lynn explained to the court that in August, 1918, Silfies was ordered to pay \$15 a week for the support of his wife and child. About a year ago, the order was decreased to \$5 a week for the support of the child alone, Mrs. Silfies having died. The child has been in the custody of the father for the past nine weeks, Mr. Lynn stated, because of which he asked for the revocation of the order.

Mr. Garrett then stated that Silfies stole his boy from the custody of his mother-in-law. The child's grandmother sent him to his father about nine weeks ago, he said, and the father has ever since kept him in his custody and refused to allow him to return to his grandmother. Mrs. Silfies, on her death bed, gave the custody of her child to her mother, Mr. Garrett said. This latter allegation is disputed by Silfies.

The court took the revocation request under advisement.

### SMOKING VESUVIUS SCARES NAPLES TODAY

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### TWO JOLTS HAD ANTIS WORRIED

News From Mississippi Followed by Conference of All Republican Legislators

### LADIES PLEAD WITH REPUS TO RATIFY

Staff Correspondent.

DOVER, Del., March 31.—Two severe shocks within ten minutes had the anti-suffragist leaders who have been battling for more than a week against ratification of the suffrage amendment wobbling for a short time yesterday afternoon. The first jolt came about 2:15 o'clock when a report reached the State house that the Senate of Mississippi had ratified. Before the "antis" had time to recover from this unexpected blow both Houses recessed and all the Republican members of the Legislature went into conference behind closed doors in the Supreme Court room with National Committee General T. Coleman duPont, Governor John G. Townsend, Jr., United States Senator L. Heister Ball, Secretary of State Everett C. Johnson and other Republican leaders present.

This latest action had the "antis" "up in the air." Even their red roses seemed to droop. The two sudden events came as sunshine after rain to the suffragists. The suffrage leaders had been having a hard day of it up to that time. But the "antis" refused to believe it. It was just impossible that the Mississippi Senate could do such a thing and then, anyhow, the Mississippi Legislature was not in session, they said. It is only a suffrage trick to help whip the Delaware men in line, wearers of the red roses said.

The House was in session when the Mississippi news reached the State House. Miss Alice Paul was the first to receive it by telephone at the Women's Party headquarters from Washington. She soon relayed the news to the State House and in a few seconds it had spread through the Senate and House. There was suddenly a bustling among suffragists followed by smiles and remarks such as "Now, what will Delaware do?"

"What's the cause of the sudden (Continued on Page Eleven.)



WEATHER  
Fair tonight and Wednesday.  
Little change in temperature;  
west to northwest winds.

# The Evening Journal

Circulation 19,965  
Yesterday  
Non-Returnable

THIRTY-SECOND YEAR. NO. 248.

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1920.

24 PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

## SUFFRAGE BEFORE HOUSE TODAY ON MERITS

### THIEF STEALS SHIRTS LEFT BY THE DEAD

Coroner's Office Robbed Last Night of Clothing Worn By Magnus

### WEARING APPAREL TORN FROM TRUNK

Thieves some time last night robbed the office of Coroner Isaac S. Bullock, in the county end of the Public Building, not 100 feet from the police station, and in close proximity to the office of the detective bureau and the waiting room used by the patrol wagon and ambulance crews, of a lot of silk shirts, valued at not less than \$100.

Coroner Bullock said this morning that it is impossible to give any estimate of the loss yet, as it will be necessary to go over the entire miscellaneous assortment of clothing and personal effects of the dead which is stored in his office, before he will know just what is missing.

The coroner says his office has been entered in the night a number of times during the past two or three weeks. Little of value was missed, but the thieves last night thoroughly ransacked the trunks which belonged to William Magnus, deceased, took fifteen silk shirts, appraised at from \$5 to \$10 each, and the coroner also thinks a lot of shoes also stored there.

"I am convinced that there are too many keys to my office," the coroner said. "As soon as I can find time I will check up on the effects stored in the office to see just what is missing."

Suspecting that some one would attempt to rob the trunk of William Magnus, before leaving the office yesterday afternoon the coroner locked and strapped the trunk in such a manner that he could tell if it were tampered with. As soon as he entered the office this morning he saw that some one had ransacked the trunk. Opening it and counting the remaining silk shirts the coroner found that fifteen had been taken.

Coroner Bullock believes that the theft Continued on Page Thirteen.

### SUFFRAGISTS WIN 'ENEMY' MEETING

"Capture" Assemblage at Centerville Called By "Antis" Leader

### ADOPT RESOLUTIONS URGING RATIFICATION

There was no little laughter and much jubilation in suffrage circles of Wilmington today over a mass meeting at Centerville last night, originally arranged as an anti-suffrage assembly, but which lost the "anti," and unanimously adopted a resolution favoring ratification by the Legislature.

According to reports today in suffrage circles, Centerville meeting was called by Mrs. Henry B. Thompson, president of the Delaware Association Opposed to Suffrage. Horace Dilworth was selected to preside. Mr. Dilworth, however, is a suffrage supporter, and when word of the meeting got about the city yesterday afternoon a band of suffrage workers decided to attend in a body and "capture" it. In the suffrage party were: Miss Mabel Vernon, Philip Burnett, Mrs. Dilworth, Mrs. Victor duPont, Mrs. A. D. Warner, Sr., president of the State Federation of Women's Clubs; Mr. and Mrs. John P. Neils and Mrs. Wilfred Bancroft. At Centerville they were joined by Mrs. George Foulke, of West Chester. A party of suffrage enthusiasts from the arden colony also attended.

The crowd assembled in the Grange Hall, but Mrs. Thompson did not appear. Somebody suggested telephoning her. This was done and it was said the hat replied "the meeting was all off." Then Mrs. Thompson was told, so it was said today in suffrage circles that the crowd had all assembled for the session. To this Mrs. Thompson is said to have replied that "anyway she couldn't attend."

Altogether there were about fifty persons present when the assemblage was called together. Mr. Dilworth conspicuously wearing a large yellow laffcloth, took the chair, and the Continued on Page Twenty-two.

**TODAY'S TEMPERATURE.**  
At The Evening Journal Office.  
8.00 A. M. .... 55 12.01 P. M. .... 58  
10.00 A. M. .... 54 1.00 P. M. .... 60

**SUN AND TIDE.**  
Sun rises ..... 5:47 A. M.  
Sun sets ..... 6:22 P. M.  
Moon of Christiana.  
High water ..... 8:45 A. M. 9.10 P. M.  
Low water ..... 3:30 A. M. 3.40 P. M.

**LOST AND FOUND.**  
LOST—EXTRA RIM AND TIRE OFF Ford car. Reward if returned to Seaburg & Backwell, Vandover Ave. March 30. Continued on Page Twenty-two.

### SEE POLITICAL "BUNK" IN TALK OF REFERENDUM

Those Clamoring for "People to Rule" Regarding Suffrage Amendment Are Those Who Would Deprive Women, Comprising a Great Mass of the People, of a Vote

### RIDDLE LATEST 'ANTI' ARGUMENT

Special to The Evening Journal.

DOVER, March 30.—The latest argument, as well as the weakest up-to-date, which the Democratic party in Delaware has advanced against ratification of the equal suffrage, appeared yesterday in the editorial columns of the Every Evening. It argues that, because the great political national conventions of 1916 did not go on record in favor of equal suffrage by federal amendment, neither of the great political parties is nationally committed to women being given right to vote by an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

But it ignores all the history which has been made and all action which has been taken by both parties since 1916. It ignores the fact that, since 1916 both parties have recognized equal suffrage is a national and not a State issue, that the United States Congress has passed a resolution proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution which will give women of America equal franchise rights with men, that the Republican party's national organization has twice gone on official record by unanimous vote urging each State ratify this proposed amendment, and that national Democratic leaders from President Wilson down have urged the same thing upon the several State Legislatures.

It seems incredible that the editorial management of the Every Evening is in ignorance of what has happened during the past four years in the suffrage movement, of the action of Congress, of the official attitude of both old parties, of the ratification of proposed amendment by 35 American commonwealths. It seems incredible that the editorial management of the Every Evening, Delaware Democracy's official newspaper, does not know the world has moved since 1916, and that political platforms written in that year are as dead as hoop-skirts.

Why it was the Democratic convention of 1916 at St. Louis which wrote the platform from which the Every Evening now quotes that called upon American people to support their candidate, "the kept us out of war," How ancient and horribly out of place that slogan sounds today! The Democratic platform of 1916 said nothing whatever about a League of Nations, yet does the Every Evening therefore assume that support of the League of Nations is not good Democratic doctrine?

The Republican party platform of 1916 said it recognized "the right of each State to settle this question (equal suffrage) for itself." Quoting that, the Every Evening attempts to make it appear that by urging the Delaware Legislature to ratify the suffrage amendment the Republican party is violating the platform of 1916 and attempting to deny the right of a State to settle questions. It arrives at this conclusion by stating the words "the right of each State to settle this question for itself" mean "as determined by the kept us out of war," and in other words, the Every Evening advances the startling proposition that the legislature has no authority or right to decide anything, that it does not represent the people and whatever action it may take upon any subject is subversive of popular government. That is a stunning Bolshevik doctrine. That is unadulterated Continued on Page Thirteen.

### JAILED FOR WINE SALE, FILES APPEAL

Sentence imposed upon Mrs. Angeline Bouve by Judge Hastings in Municipal Court this morning on a charge of selling intoxicating liquors without a license, will be appealed to the Court General Session, J. Frank Ball, counsel for the woman, announced following the trial. She was held in \$1,000 bail until the disposition of the appeal.

The sentence imposed by Judge Hastings was that Mrs. Bouve serve thirty days in imprisonment and pay a fine of \$500 and costs. Should she fail to pay the fine, she must serve three months additional.

Antonio Bouve, husband of the woman, was dismissed on a charge of selling liquor without a license. He was not present when the alleged sale took place.

Mrs. Bouve is accused of selling wine, containing 7 per cent. alcohol, to Nazario Cyracko. Nazario said he asked for vinegar and was given the wine, which was charged to his account.

A Safe Spring Tonic, CLOVER DAIRY BUTTERMILK—Adv.

### MR. DU PONT FOR CODE AMENDMENT

Outlines Some Changes to Meet Objections to New School Law FAVORS MEASURE TO REDUCE TAX RATE

Staff Correspondent.

STATE HOUSE, DOVER, March 30.—Pierre S. duPont, vice-president of the State Board of Education and giver of more than \$2,000,000 to carry out a school building program under the new school code, discussed with members of the House Committee on Education yesterday afternoon some of the objections that he has heard raised to the new law and which he thought could be incorporated into amendments to the code.

Mr. duPont was before the committee for more than an hour in Speaker Corbit's room and made an excellent impression on the members. Henry P. Scott, vice-chairman of the Delaware Auxiliary Association which has charge of the distribution of the duPont fund for new buildings was also at the meeting but took no active part in the discussions.

The personnel of the House Committee on Education is, S. J. Warrington, chairman; Lester C. Cendaniel, Jones Hart, Hardesty and Mulvena. All members of the committee were present with the exception of Mr. Mulvena. It was expected that the committee would take up Representative Soper's school code repealer but that bill was not taken up. Mr. duPont desires to see the code given a fair chance. While he opposes it being repealed at this time he says it should be amended and went over with the committee objections that have been made that could be adjusted by amendments.

Some amendments suggested by him to meet objections were as follows:

Right of local boards to reject any teachers. The local boards under the code have not this authority.

Reducing maximum tax rate to \$1, it being \$1.50 now under the code.

Consolidation of schools left to the decision of the districts being consolidated. Under the code consolidation could be forced on them.

Reduction of the compulsory attendance feature from 180 to 140 days.

Giving self-made teacher some chance as college graduate providing she passes examinations.

Mr. duPont thought all the above objections to the code could be met with amendment such as he suggested.

Another objection heard by Mr. duPont and which he brought to the attention of the committee was that the members of the State Board of Education and the State Commissioner of Education should be elected at large instead of being appointed. He said as he was appointed he did not feel that he should say anything as to that objection.

Mr. duPont said he had also heard objection to the tax system under the code and the unit system suggested as the better method. He did not think some of the districts under a unit system would be able to build school houses. It is learned that this is one of the strongest objections to the code.

In many of the districts it is claimed that under the code district here and there will raise much more money than it will require to operate the school of that district and the taxables object to raising the extra amount which goes into the general county fund. Those who have investigated the matter, however, doubt that many districts raise more than enough other expenses.

Mr. duPont promised the committee to furnish a copy of the budget for the coming year to be compared with the last year's budget. He stated that in case the bill to divert \$400,000 from the general State fund to the school fund, becomes a law the tax rate in the counties will not exceed 32 cents.

Later in the afternoon Mr. duPont, George B. Miller, president of the State Board of Education, and other members of the board went before the Senate finance and the House appropriation committee in joint session. This hearing was on the bill introduced in the House by Representative Gregg, providing for the diverting of \$400,000 Continued on Page Thirteen.

### KENTUCKY MOB HANGS NEGRO TO POLE

MALSBVILLE, Ky., March 30 (United Press).—Grant Smith, 40, Negro, was hanged to a telephone pole six miles from this city early today, by a band of armed men. The mob took the Negro from C. W. Powell, sheriff of Fleming county, and Paul Link, chief of police of Paris, in front of Bourbon county jail last night.

Smith was accused of two attacks on Ruby Anderson, 14, white. He was being brought back from Pontiac, Michigan, where he was arrested when he was seized.

As Smith left the train here, armed men surrounded the officers and they were forced to deliver their prisoner.

### GERMANY WONT RUSH ARMY TO NEUTRAL ZONE

Defines Attitude After France Threatens to Protect Her Own Border

### AMERICA WANTS ALLIES TO KEEP HANDS OFF

PARIS, March 30 (United Press).—Dr. Wilhelm Mayer, German charge d'affaires, today notified Premier Millerand that his government pledges itself not to send additional troops into the neutral zone as provided in the peace treaty, without authorization by the Allies. Mayer's statement followed vigorous action by the French government. Premier Millerand was quoted by the Matin as declaring:

"The French are ready to advance from Mayence and occupy Frankfurt, Nannau and Darmstadt should the German Reichswehr further penetrate the neutral zone."

"I hope the Allies will act jointly, but France will act alone if necessary."

The foreign office previously had announced that about 8,000 Reichswehr troops had entered the neutral zone without allied consent.

Hugh Wallace, the American Ambassador, today handed Millerand President Wilson's note favoring German occupation of the Ruhr district and opposing extension of the Allied zone of occupation, but there are no indications that the French intend to abide by Wilson's suggestions. The President also urged against Allied troops going into the areas held by German communists. It was said, taking the stand that Germany should be allowed to settle her own troubles as far as possible.

Observers here saw the President's position as directly opposed to that of Millerand. They believed the French premier would not dare to accept Wilson's plan if he were so inclined, owing to the popular demand that the Treaty of Versailles be enforced and that France's position be fully protected.

It was pointed out that Millerand placed himself on record during last week's debate in the Chamber of Deputies as standing for full enforcement of the treaty and that his government obtained an overwhelming vote of confidence on the basis of that position.

Any reversal of form so soon after his declaration would be fatal it was believed. The Senate voted confidence in Millerand's cabinet on practically the same basis last night.

### ARREST 6,000 IN RUM RAIDS

Prohibition Commissioner Also Seizes Million Gallons of Intoxicants

### 30,000 OFFICIALS ENFORCING LAW

WASHINGTON, March 30. (United Press).—Arrests during the 74 days of constitutional prohibition ending today, totaled at least 6,000. John F. Kramer, prohibition commissioner, estimated.

Kramer now is preparing an official tabulation on the basis of reports from district agents. The official total, however, may be far beyond his estimate, he said.

One prohibition official who called Kramer's estimate ultra conservative, predicted the official report would show in the neighborhood of 25,000 arrests if the work of all police officials could be added. In some States, prohibition cases are initiated by the local police and disposed of before local judges. The Federal office here receives no official report of these cases.

Between 20,000 and 30,000 officials are now helping to enforce the prohibition regulations, counting county officials, constables, police and internal revenue agents, all of whom are responsible under the prohibition law.

Chicago and New York now are giving most trouble to prohibition enforcement officials Kramer said.

"But we're having far less trouble than I anticipated even in those two cities," he said.

NEW YORK, March 30 (United Press).—Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, Philadelphia millionaire, today was found guilty of charges of evading the draft, was announced at Governor's Island here.

Bergdoll was sentenced to serve five years in the military jail at Governor's Island. He will forfeit all pay, be dishonorably discharged from the army and lose his citizenship.

Cartidge for Flowers. Prisoner reasonable. Two stores 220 West Ninth street and Hotel Wilmington—Adv.

### EFFORT TO FORCE SENATE COMMITTEE TO REPORT OUT RESOLUTION TODAY FAILS

SOCIALISTS BARRED FROM N. Y. ASSEMBLY, DECLARED TO BE DISLOYAL TO U. S.

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### HANDSOME SUM FOR SUFFERERS PEACE MOVE BY HOUSE CERTAIN

State Gives \$152,348 For Relief of Jewish Race in Europe

### OVATION FOR LEADERS AT CLOSING DINNER

Jewry in Delaware has gone over the top for the relief of six million starving women and children in Eastern Europe to the amount of \$152,348. The goal was \$150,000. The finish, in the ball room of the Hotel duPont, late last night, was spectacular in the extreme and was witnessed by 300 persons of all races and creeds, including some of the foremost citizens of Delaware and Wilmington.

It is doubtful whether the ballroom of the hotel, since it was opened several months ago, has ever witnessed a scene of more spontaneous gaiety and merriment than that last night, to give expression to the happiness of one of the best campaign organizations, it is said, that Wilmington has ever known, because the workers were through with a good job well done.

The scene resembled nothing so much as a Mardi Gras. Only the confetti was lacking. Horns, rattles and all other noise-making devices vied with the orchestra and the voice of the big, exuberant chorus, directed first by Irving Casler and later by William P. White, in vigorous attempts to get out the feeling of joy within the heart of each person present.

The success of the campaign is due, it was pointed out last night, to the non-Jews and the Jewish residents of Delaware in equal amount, for each Continued on Page Two.

### LEA MILLING CO. NOT READY TO QUIT

Although it had been rumored today that the Lea Milling Company was about to go out of business, and that the plant would be sold within a short time, Colonel George W. Sparks, of the company, this morning denied that there was any immediate idea of going out of business, and also stated that the plant had not been sold, although he admitted that the property had been for sale for the last twenty-five years and was still for sale, provided the company can get its price.

### B. F. JACKSON, BALM MANUFACTURER, DEAD

Benjamin F. Jackson, aged 84 years, died yesterday afternoon, at his home in Arcade, New York. Mr. Jackson was born in Ulica, New York, in 1835, but lived in this city from 1879 to 1894, where he manufactured Brazilian Balm. He was well known in this city.

He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Victor R. Pyle, of No. 411 West Thirtieth street, this city; Mrs. T. L. von Kniele, of Pittsburg, and three sons, Albert H., William T. and Allen W., all of Buffalo.

Republican Majority of House Committee Reports Ratification Measure on Its Merits. Democrats Voted for Unfavorable Report on Resolution

### HOUSE MAY VOTE ON IT TOMORROW

Staff Correspondent.

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John E. Burrows	..... \$3.00
First Presbyterian S. S.	..... 30.00
Chas. and Flossie Hahn	..... 8.00
Florence B. Hackenberry	..... 19.00
Jefferson Lodge, L. O. O. F.	..... 25.00
John A. Larosh	..... 5.00
Elizabeth Heath, 4 yrs. old	..... 10.00
Harris Hunkson	..... 5.00
A Friend	..... 5.00
Friend	..... 3.00
Mrs. C. J. Raymond, Smyrna	..... 5.00
Friend	..... 5.00
Friend	..... 5.00
Victor Delipizzo	..... 25.00
William Clayton	..... 1.40
Mrs. Thomas Samuel	..... 5.00
Theodor Hannum	..... 5.00
Baby	..... 1.00
Marguerite Bacon, Cedars	..... 1.00
Friend	..... 1.00
M. S.	..... 1.00
Caroline and Evelyn Pearce	..... 2.00
F. C.	..... 4.00
Girl's Reserve Corps No. 6	..... 3.00
Friend	..... 25.00
Elmore J. C. E.	..... 5.00

Checks should be made payable to the American Relief Administration, Red Cross. The need is great.



WEATHER  
Fair tonight and Wednesday.  
Little change in temperature;  
west to northwest winds.

# The Evening Journal

Circulation 19,965  
Yesterday  
Non-Returnable

THIRTY-SECOND YEAR. NO. 248.

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1920.

24 PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

## SUFFRAGE BEFORE HOUSE TODAY ON MERITS

### THIEF STEALS SHIRTS LEFT BY THE DEAD

Coroner's Office Robbed Last Night of Clothing Worn By Magnus

### WEARING APPAREL TORN FROM TRUNK

Thieves some time last night robbed the office of Coroner Isaac S. Bullock, in the county end of the Public Building, not 100 feet from the police station, and in close proximity to the office of the detective bureau and the waiting room used by the patrol wagon and ambulance crews, of a lot of silk shirts, valued at not less than \$100.

Coroner Bullock said this morning that it is impossible to give any estimate of the loss yet, as it will be necessary to go over the entire miscellaneous assortment of clothing and personal effects of the dead which is stored in his office, before he will know just what is missing.

The coroner says his office has been entered in the night a number of times during the past two or three weeks. Little of value was missed, but the thieves last night thoroughly ransacked the trunks which belonged to William Magnus, deceased, took fifteen silk shirts, appraised at from \$5 to \$10 each, and the coroner also thinks a lot of shoes also stored there.

"I am convinced that there are too many keys to my office," the coroner said. "As soon as I can find time I will check up on the effects stored in the office to see just what is missing."

Suspecting that some one would attempt to rob the trunk of William Magnus, before leaving the office yesterday afternoon the coroner locked and strapped the trunk in such a manner that he could tell if it were tampered with. As soon as he entered the office this morning he saw that some one had ransacked the trunk. Opening it and counting the remaining silk shirts the coroner found that fifteen had been taken.

Coroner Bullock believes that the theft Continued on Page Thirteen.

### SUFFRAGISTS WIN 'ENEMY' MEETING

"Capture" Assemblage at Centerville Called By "Antis" Leader

### ADOPT RESOLUTIONS URGING RATIFICATION

There was no little laughter and much jubilation in suffrage circles of Wilmington today over a mass meeting at Centerville last night, originally arranged as an anti-suffrage assembly, but which lost the "anti," and unanimously adopted a resolution favoring ratification by the Legislature.

According to reports today in suffrage circles, Centerville meeting was called by Mrs. Henry B. Thompson, president of the Delaware Association Opposed to Suffrage. Horace Dilworth was selected to preside. Mr. Dilworth, however, is a suffrage supporter, and when word of the meeting got about the city yesterday afternoon a band of suffrage workers decided to attend in a body and "capture" it. In the suffrage party were: Miss Mabel Vernon, Philip Burnett, Mrs. Dilworth, Mrs. Victor duPont, Mrs. A. D. Warner, Sr., president of the State Federation of Women's Clubs; Mr. and Mrs. John P. Neils and Mrs. Wilfred Bancroft. At Centerville they were joined by Mrs. George Foulke, of West Chester. A party of suffrage enthusiasts from the arden colony also attended.

The crowd assembled in the Grange Hall, but Mrs. Thompson did not appear. Somebody suggested telephoning her. This was done and it was said the hat replied "the meeting was all off." Then Mrs. Thompson was told, so it was said today in suffrage circles that the crowd had all assembled for the session. To this Mrs. Thompson is said to have replied that "anyway she couldn't attend."

Altogether there were about fifty persons present when the assemblage was called together. Mr. Dilworth conspicuously wearing a large yellow laffcloth, took the chair, and the Continued on Page Twenty-two.

**TODAY'S TEMPERATURE.**  
At the Evening Journal Office.  
8.00 A. M. .... 55 12.01 P. M. .... 58  
10.00 A. M. .... 54 1.00 P. M. .... 60

**SUN AND TIDE.**  
Sun rises ..... 5:47 A. M.  
Sun sets ..... 6:22 P. M.  
Moon of Christiana.  
High water ..... 8:45 A. M. 9.10 P. M.  
Low water ..... 3:30 A. M. 3.40 P. M.

**LOST AND FOUND.**  
LOST—EXTRA RIM AND TIRE OFF Ford car. Reward if returned to Seaburg & Backwell, Vandover Ave. March 30. Continued on Page Twenty-two.

### SEE POLITICAL "BUNK" IN TALK OF REFERENDUM

Those Clamoring for "People to Rule" Regarding Suffrage Amendment Are Those Who Would Deprive Women, Comprising a Great Mass of the People, of a Vote

### RIDDLE LATEST 'ANTI' ARGUMENT

Special to The Evening Journal.

DOVER, March 30.—The latest argument, as well as the weakest up-to-date, which the Democratic party in Delaware has advanced against ratification of the equal suffrage, appeared yesterday in the editorial columns of the Every Evening. It argues that, because the great political national conventions of 1916 did not go on record in favor of equal suffrage by federal amendment, neither of the great political parties is nationally committed to women being given right to vote by an amendment to the Federal Constitution.

But it ignores all the history which has been made and all action which has been taken by both parties since 1916. It ignores the fact that, since 1916 both parties have recognized equal suffrage is a national and not a State issue, that the United States Congress has passed a resolution proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution which will give women of America equal franchise rights with men, that the Republican party's national organization has twice gone on official record by unanimous vote urging each State ratify this proposed amendment, and that national Democratic leaders from President Wilson down have urged the same thing upon the several State Legislatures.

It seems incredible that the editorial management of the Every Evening is in ignorance of what has happened during the past four years in the suffrage movement, of the action of Congress, of the official attitude of both old parties, of the ratification of proposed amendment by 35 American commonwealths. It seems incredible that the editorial management of the Every Evening, Delaware Democracy's official newspaper, does not know the world has moved since 1916, and that political platforms written in that year are as dead as hoop-skirts.

Why it was the Democratic convention of 1916 at St. Louis which wrote the platform from which the Every Evening now quotes that called upon American people to support their candidate, "the kept us out of war," How ancient and horribly out of place that slogan sounds today! The Democratic platform of 1916 said nothing whatever about a League of Nations, yet does the Every Evening therefore assume that support of the League of Nations is not good Democratic doctrine?

The Republican party platform of 1916 said it recognized "the right of each State to settle this question (equal suffrage) for itself." Quoting that, the Every Evening attempts to make it appear that by urging the Delaware Legislature to ratify the suffrage amendment the Republican party is violating the platform of 1916 and attempting to deny the right of a State to settle questions. It arrives at this conclusion by stating the words "the right of each State to settle this question for itself" mean "as determined by the kept us out of war," and in other words, the Every Evening advances the startling proposition that the legislature has no authority or right to decide anything, that it does not represent the people and whatever action it may take upon any subject is subversive of popular government. That is a splendid Bolshevik doctrine. That is unadulterated Continued on Page Thirteen.

### JAILED FOR WINE SALE, FILES APPEAL

Sentence imposed upon Mrs. Angeline Bouve by Judge Hastings in Municipal Court this morning on a charge of selling intoxicating liquors without a license, will be appealed to the Court General Term. That is, Frank Ball, counsel for the woman, announced following the trial. She was held in \$1,000 bail until the disposition of the appeal.

The sentence imposed by Judge Hastings was that Mrs. Bouve serve thirty days in imprisonment and pay a fine of \$200 and costs. Should she fail to pay the fine, she must serve three months additional.

Antonio Bouve, husband of the woman, was dismissed on a charge of selling liquor without a license. He was not present when the alleged sale took place.

Mrs. Bouve is accused of selling wine, containing 7 per cent. alcohol, to Nazario Cyracko. Nazario said he asked for vinegar and was given the wine, which was charged to his account.

A Safe Spring Tonic, CLOVER DAIRY BUTTERMILK—Adv.

### MR. DU PONT FOR CODE AMENDMENT

Outlines Some Changes to Meet Objections to New School Law FAVORS MEASURE TO REDUCE TAX RATE

Staff Correspondent.

STATE HOUSE, DOVER, March 30.—Pierre S. duPont, vice-president of the State Board of Education and giver of more than \$2,000,000 to carry out a school building program under the new school code, discussed with members of the House Committee on Education yesterday afternoon some of the objections that he has heard raised to the new law and which he thought could be incorporated into amendments to the code.

Mr. duPont was before the committee for more than an hour in Speaker Corbit's room and made an excellent impression on the members. Henry P. Scott, vice-chairman of the Delaware Auxiliary Association which has charge of the distribution of the duPont fund for new buildings was also at the meeting but took no active part in the discussions.

The personnel of the House Committee on Education is, S. J. Warrington, chairman; Lester C. Cline, Jr., Jones Hart, Hardesty and Mulvena. All members of the committee were present with the exception of Mr. Mulvena. It was expected that the committee would take up Representative Soper's school code repealer but that bill was not taken up. Mr. duPont desires to see the code given a fair chance. While he opposes it being repealed at this time he says it should be amended and went over with the committee objections that have been made that could be adjusted by amendments.

Some amendments suggested by him to meet objections were as follows:

Right of local boards to reject any teachers. The local boards under the code have not this authority.

Reducing maximum tax rate to \$1, it being \$1.50 now under the code.

Consolidation of schools left to the decision of the districts being consolidated. Under the code consolidation could be forced on them.

Reduction of the compulsory attendance feature from 180 to 140 days.

Giving self-made teacher some chance as college graduate providing she passes examinations.

Mr. duPont thought all the above objections to the code could be met with amendment such as he suggested.

Another objection heard by Mr. duPont and which he brought to the attention of the committee was that the members of the State Board of Education and the State Commissioner of Education should be elected at large instead of being appointed. He said as he was appointed he did not feel that he should say anything as to that objection.

Mr. duPont said he had also heard objection to the tax system under the code and the unit system suggested as the better method. He did not think some of the districts under a unit system would be able to build school houses. It is learned that this is one of the strongest objections to the code.

In many of the districts it is claimed that under the code district here and there will raise much more money than it will require to operate the school of that district and the taxables object to raising the extra amount which goes into the general county fund. Those who have investigated the matter, however, doubt that many districts raise more than enough for their own building program and all other expenses.

Mr. duPont promised the committee to furnish a copy of the budget for the coming year to be compared with the last year's budget. He stated that in case the bill to divert \$400,000 from the general State fund to the school fund, becomes a law the tax rate in the counties will not exceed 32 cents.

Later in the afternoon Mr. duPont, George B. Miller, president of the State Board of Education, and other members of the board went before the Senate finance and the House appropriation committee in joint session. This hearing was on the bill introduced in the House by Representative Gregg, providing for the diverting of \$400,000 Continued on Page Thirteen.

### KENTUCKY MOB HANGS NEGRO TO POLE

MALSBVILLE, Ky., March 30 (United Press).—Grant Smith, 40, Negro, was hanged to a telephone pole six miles from this city early today, by a band of armed men. The mob took the Negro from C. W. Powell, sheriff of Fleming county, and Paul Link, chief of police of Paris, in front of Bourbon county jail last night.

Smith was accused of two attacks on Ruby Anderson, 14, white. He was being brought back from Pontiac, Michigan, where he was arrested when he was seized.

As Smith left the train here, armed men surrounded the officers and they were forced to deliver their prisoner.

### GERMANY WONT RUSH ARMY TO NEUTRAL ZONE

Defines Attitude After France Threatens to Protect Her Own Border

### AMERICA WANTS ALLIES TO KEEP HANDS OFF

PARIS, March 30 (United Press).—Dr. Wilhelm Mayer, German charge d'affaires, today notified Premier Millerand that his government pledges itself not to send additional troops into the neutral zone as provided in the peace treaty, without authorization by the Allies. Mayer's statement followed vigorous action by the French government. Premier Millerand was quoted by the Matin as declaring:

"The French are ready to advance from Mayence and occupy Frankfurt, Nannau and Darmstadt should the German Reichswehr further penetrate the neutral zone."

"I hope the Allies will act jointly, but France will act alone if necessary."

The foreign office previously had announced that about 8,000 Reichswehr troops had entered the neutral zone without Allied consent.

Hugh Wallace, the American Ambassador, today handed Millerand President Wilson's note favoring German occupation of the Ruhr district and opposing extension of the Allied zone of occupation, but there are no indications that the French intend to abide by Wilson's suggestions. The President also urged against Allied troops going into the areas held by German communists. It was said, taking the stand that Germany should be allowed to settle her own troubles as far as possible.

Observers here saw the President's position as directly opposed to that of Millerand. They believed the French premier would not dare to accept Wilson's plan if he were so inclined, owing to the popular demand that the Treaty of Versailles be enforced and that France's position be fully protected.

It was pointed out that Millerand placed himself on record during last week's debate in the Chamber of Deputies as standing for full enforcement of the treaty and that his government obtained an overwhelming vote of confidence on the basis of that position.

Any reversal of form so soon after his declaration would be fatal it was believed. The Senate voted confidence in Millerand's cabinet on practically the same basis last night.

### ARREST 6,000 IN RUM RAIDS

Prohibition Commissioner Also Seizes Million Gallons of Intoxicants 30,000 OFFICIALS ENFORCING LAW

WASHINGTON, March 30. (United Press).—Arrests during the 74 days of constitutional prohibition ending today, totaled at least 6,000. John F. Kramer, prohibition commissioner, estimated.

Kramer now is preparing an official tabulation on the basis of reports from district agents. The official total, however, may be far beyond his estimate.

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The success of the campaign is due, it was pointed out last night, to the non-Jews and the Jewish residents of Delaware in equal amount, for each Continued on Page Two.

### BERGDOLL GUILTY, IS JAILED FOR 5 YEARS

NEW YORK, March 30 (United Press).—Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, Philadelphia millionaire, today was found guilty of charges of evading the draft, was announced at Governor's Island here.

Bergdoll was sentenced to serve five years in the military jail at Governor's Island. He will forfeit all pay, be dishonorably discharged from the army and lose his citizenship.

Cartage for Flowers. Prisoner reasonable. Two stores 20 West Ninth street and Hotel Wilmington—Adv.

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State Gives \$152,348 For Relief of Jewish Race in Europe Republicans Say Wilson Cannot Prevent Passage of Resolution

### DEMOCRATS HOPE TO SUSTAIN VETO

WASHINGTON, March 30 (United Press).—President Wilson, by sending word to House Democrats to kill the resolution declaring peace with Germany will be able to delay, but not prevent passage of the resolution, Republican House leaders said today. The President's request was conveyed to congressmen last night.

A bitter partisan fight looms as a result. Indications are that the resolution cannot be passed this week. Republican Leader Mondell today was informed by Representative Flood, Virginia, ranking Democrat on the committee and prominent Wilson supporter, that a majority of the Democrats will oppose a sweeping peace resolution. Flood declared enough Democrats were certain to stand by President Wilson to prevent the resolution receiving a two-thirds majority which would assure its passage over the veto.

The President has sent no formal message to House Democrats, but word that he desires the resolution killed is being passed around quietly in minority ranks as coming from official sources. As a result Flood and other Democrats are suggesting that Congress pass a resolution requesting the President to proclaim peace. Such a suggestion is opposed by Republicans who assert it would accomplish nothing.

Should the President fail to proclaim peace Flood would then have Congress repeal the 60 restrictive laws one by one. This the Republicans say would take several months as hearings would be necessary to determine what laws could be eliminated with a state of war still existing.

### KIWANIS CLUB TO GIVE TRAFFIC SIGNS

James Stein, secretary of the Kiwanis Club, attended the meeting of the Street and Sewer Directors this morning, in the interest of the offer of the club to present to the city traffic signs.

There has been some difference of opinion concerning the colors that should be used. As the city already had several green and red signs placed along Shipley and Orange streets from Tenth to Fourth streets, the officials are desirous of having a uniform color. The Kiwanis Club offered to replace these signs, with yellow and black ones. Their offer was accepted.

Mr. Stein and Chief of Police Black spoke in favor of the yellow and black signs.

Certified Milk for Infants—Glover Dairy Co.—Adv.

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Contributions to the fund for the relief of starving children in Central and Eastern Europe and adjoining portions of Asia are acknowledged by The Evening Journal as follows:

John E. Burrows	..... \$3.00
First Presbyterian S. S.	..... 30.00
Chas. and Flossie Hahn	..... 8.00
Florence B. Hackenberry	..... 19.00
Jefferson Lodge, L. O. O. F.	..... 25.00
John A. Larsoch	..... 5.00
Elizabeth Heath, 4 yrs. old	..... 10.00
Harris Hunkson	..... 5.00
A Friend	..... 5.00
Friend	..... 3.00
Mrs. C. J. Raymond, Smyrna	..... 5.00
Friend	..... 5.00
Friend	..... 5.00
Victor Delipizzo	..... 25.00
William Clayton	..... 1.40
Mrs. Thomas Samuel	..... 5.00
Theodor Hannum	..... 5.00
Baby	..... 1.00
Marguerite Bacon, Cedars	..... 1.00
Friend	..... 1.00
M. S.	..... 1.00
Caroline and Evelyn Pearce	..... 2.00
F. C.	..... 4.00
Girl's Reserve Corps No. 6	..... 3.00
Friend	..... 25.00
Elmore J. C. E.	..... 5.00

Checks should be made payable to the American Relief Administration, Red Cross. The need is great.



Thunderstorms this afternoon or tonight; cooler tonight and Friday; partly cloudy and cooler, moderate variable winds becoming north.

# SUFFRAGE IS DEAD; NO NEW HOUSE VOTE

## SUFFRAGE IS DEAD; NO NEW HOUSE VOTE

Representatives by 24 to 10 Refuse to Call It For Consideration

### BLAME SENATE FOR HOLDING IT BACK

Staff Correspondent.  
DOVER, June 3.—Anti-suffragists in the House held good to their threat yesterday afternoon and allowed the ratification resolution to die in the House committee of the whole where it was placed on being brought to that body from the Senate last Friday afternoon. The Legislature adjourned sine die at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Delaware was the thirty-sixth State, and the only one needed to give the ballot to women of the nation.

Friends of suffrage made an attempt to have the resolution considered in committee but failed. They got a test vote on Representative Lyons' motion that the House go into committee of the whole to consider the ratification resolution. The motion was voted down 24 to 10, and this was practically the line-up against suffrage as it has existed in the House since the Legislature was called in special session, March 22. The vote on Representative Lyons' motion to go into committee to consider the ratification resolution was: Yeas—Brooks, Buckson, Dusenberry, Francis, Greese, Hart, Jones, Klair, Lyons and S. J. Warrington—10.

## SHIPLEY WILL GO TO STEVENS

Delaware College Athletic Coach Announced His Resignation Today

### TURNED OUT SOME GREAT TEAMS



HOWARD E. SHIPLEY.

Special to The Evening Journal.  
NEWARK, June 3.—Howard E. Shipley, coach at Delaware College, announced today that he has definitely decided to resign to accept a similar position at Stevens Institute, Hoboken, N. J. He verbally informed Dean E. Laurence Smith, president of the Athletic Council, of his decision, and will take up his duties at Stevens in September. He will, however, finish out the season at Delaware.

There have been reports for some days that Coach Shipley would resign, but it was thought matters had been adjusted to his satisfaction and that he would remain. In discussing the matter this morning, Coach Shipley said: (Continued on Page Fourteen.)

**TODAY'S TEMPERATURE**  
At The Evening Journal Office  
8:00 A. M.—80 12:00 P. M.—86  
4:00 A. M.—81 4:00 P. M.—87

**SUN AND TIDE**  
Sun rises—4:33 A. M.  
Sun sets—7:23 P. M.  
Head of Christina—1:05 P. M.  
High water—12:45 A. M. 1:05 P. M.  
Low water—9:20 A. M. 9:30 P. M.

**LOST AND FOUND.**  
LOST IN VICINITY OF TWELFTH and Market streets, brown plush coat. Reward. Return to 308 E. Grant Ave. (Union Park Gardens.) June 2.

## U. S. WON'T MAKE TRADE AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA SOON

Washington Fears Business Relation With Reds Would Result in Further Exploitation of Russian People by Lenine and Trotsky to Continue Themselves in Power

WASHINGTON, June 3. (United Press).—The United States Government has dismissed all thought of trade with Soviet Russia in the near future, it was learned today. There is no prospect that the embargo on shipments from the United States to Bolshevik Russia will be lifted without a change of President Wilson's mind on the question of trade relations with Russia. This embargo is maintained by the war board section of the State Department.

The determination of the United States to continue the economic and commercial boycott against Soviet Russia is at variance with policy of the principal Allied powers.

The present attitude of the United States on the Russian trade question indicates strongly a division of opinion on the subject in the State Department.

The Allied agreement to allow trade through the Russian co-operative societies was not accepted by this government, because it was held to involve relations with the Soviet government.

When the Allied plan was rejected by the United States, Under Secretary of State Polk proposed to the Allied government that unrestricted trade be allowed with Soviet Russia at the risk of the traders. It was agreed that this plan would hit the propaganda of Lenine and Trotsky, that Soviet Russia was being boycotted by the whole world. Japanese diplomats here side with this view.

President Wilson and Secretary of State Coby are understood to have taken a different attitude on the question.

Trade between the United States and Soviet Russia would result in the further exploitation of the Russian people by Lenine and Trotsky to continue themselves in power, it is believed.

Soviet authorities would drain Russia of her wealth and resources to make more secure their reign, it was contended.

The principal contention that the Bolsheviks are believed to be dangerous before the manufacturers in the United States is between three and four hundred million rubles of gold, said to be in Soviet Russia. Of this sum approximately sixty million rubles are understood to be stolen Rumanian gold. The Soviet would devote the greater part of this sum for the purchase of railroad locomotives and other material to build up its own power, should trade restrictions with the United States be lifted, it is believed.

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## SOLICITS VOTE \$726,000 OUT OF TREASURY

That Amount Appropriated by Legislature; Special Session Cost \$41,000

### CARRIES \$540,000 FOR STATE SCHOOL EXPENSE

Staff Correspondent.  
DOVER, June 3.—When the special session of the Legislature adjourned sine die at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon it had been in actual session 37 days, although the members received pay for but 30 days, as that is the limit for which they can receive pay for a special session under the constitution. The members voted themselves mileage. The session was convened on March 22, but there were several recesses.

The cost to the State of the special session was \$41,294.70, which was slightly more than \$1000 for each day's session. The Legislature, in addition to this, appropriated \$726,000 extra for this year above what was appropriated by the regular session last year. Included in these items is the extra appropriation of \$540,000 from the general fund to the school fund to relieve the school tax burden on real estate.

Opponents of the school code took occasion to bring that subject up again when the appropriations bill was being considered in the House. The bill, as was necessary, carried the following item: "For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the school laws of the State of Delaware, \$540,000."

Representative Lloyd, who introduced the objectionable cumulative

(Continued on Page Two.)

## BANDIT VILLA REPULSED; PLAGUE GRIPS VERA CRUZ

WASHINGTON, June 3. (United Press).—Francisco Villa was repulsed when he attacked the city of Parral, Chihuahua yesterday, the State Department was advised today.

Villa suffered some losses and is being pursued by Ignacio Enriquez, former governor of Chihuahua and the present military commander of the Chihuahua district.

VERA CRUZ, June 2. (Delayed.) (United Press).—Every city in the republic of Mexico today was quarantined by the military force as the result of the bubonic plague here. By an order of the city government, all business in Vera Cruz will be suspended tomorrow and Friday when business men and all other residents are urged to assist in a general clean-up of the city.

All business houses that fail to comply with the closing order or to clear away all rubbish will be fined. Two new cases of bubonic plague were discovered today.

MEXICO CITY, June 2.—Accompa-

nied by the blare of a dozen bands and hundreds of bugles with all the color and pomp characteristic of Mexican, the revolutionary army—20,000—demanded by a parade today that the military force is backing the newly inaugurated President of the Republic, Rodolfo De La Huerta.

In spite of his illness, President Huerta, from the balcony of the presidential palace, reviewed the demonstration which was the largest the capital has witnessed since before the ascendancy of Carranza.

Carranza, during almost the entire span of his presidency, was forced to keep the majority of his forces in the field to combat banditry and rebellion. The troops of every part of the republic participated today in the parade. They wore military uniforms, and they were every conceivable form of uniform. But most conspicuous was the innovation of the Texas cowboy, the fringe and the great influx of the border element from the State of Sonora, initiators of the revolution.

WERKER IS INJURED UNDER FALLING BEAM

Jack Knotawall, aged 34 years, of 23 Justison street, was injured internally by being caught under a falling beam at the Harlan plant of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Company this morning.

The injured man was first taken to the plant hospital where he was given up a horse lawn mower, which was removed to the Delaware Hospital in the police ambulance.

**WHO WILL GIVE MOWER?**  
Hope Farm is much in need of a horse lawn mower. If anyone is already with a mower, and installing an electric one, the Hope Farm managers would be very glad to have the old horse lawn mower, either a gift or at a reduced price. Please communicate with Miss Helen Reilly, superintendent, Hope Farm Sanatorium, Marshall.

**SCOTT W. H. M. MEETING**  
A business meeting of the W. H. M. Society of Scott W. H. M. Church will be held in the Junior room tomorrow evening. The society will celebrate the fortieth anniversary by giving a birthday party in the church on Thursday evening, June 10, at 8:00 o'clock, local time.

**WHEN IS KISS OBJECTIONABLE?**  
NEW YORK, June 3. (United Press).—When is a kiss objectionable? That is the question to be decided by a board consisting of three men and two women considering the charge of Mrs. Stephen Woolf, white-haired and 60 had kissed her 13-year-old Betty.

Mordoff is principal of Erasmus Hall High School in Brooklyn, which the girl has been attending. Betty testified at the hearing that she was in a corridor of the school when Mordoff invited her to his office to look over a book. He sat beside, she said, and placed his arm about her. Then he kissed her, she swore, not in a paternal but in a manner which frightened her.

Mordoff declared he had kissed the girl in a fatherly fashion. The board must decide whether the kiss was amorous or paternal.

## BILL BAR STATE BONDS SAFE KILLED

House Swats Senator Allee's Measure to Halt New Roads, Schools

### MEMBERS TO HAVE REUNION IN AUGUST

Staff Correspondent.  
DOVER, June 3.—Practically the last business transacted by the House before final adjournment yesterday afternoon was considered by many a very creditable act, and that was the killing of Senator Allee's bill to prohibit the selling of any State, county or school bonds below par or at a rate of interest above 5 per cent. The measure received the support of but six members. The members feared such a bill might tie up indefinitely all road work and delay building of new schools and other contemplated improvements. The bill was opposed on the floor by Representatives Mulvena, Hastings, McNabb and Parker. They expressed confidence in the officials who have authority to issue bonds to look after the State's interests.

Senator Allee made a strong plea for favorable action on the bill. The same bill was passed unanimously by the Senate last week, but since then much opposition has developed against it, even among senators who originally voted for it without giving the subject much thought.

Senator Allee, in urging passage of the bill, pointed out that these are abnormal times and that the present condition of the money market, the State should go slow in the issuing of bonds and mortgaging.

(Continued on Page Two.)

**REFUSE ICE HOUSE PERMIT**  
City Council last night refused permission to the Diamond Ice and Coal Company to erect portable ice distributing station in the rear of 911 Market street. Several members feared it would be a fire trap.

Permit for the structure was asked by John J. Hayes, secretary of the company, who said it would be like others of a similar kind already erected in the city.

**ON TO CHICAGO 'SUFFS' SLOGAN**  
National Woman's Party Sends Out Appeal to 5,000 Suffragists

### DEMONSTRATION AT CONVENTION

CHICAGO, June 3.—Immediately upon the announcement of the defeat of the suffrage amendment by the Delaware Legislature, 5,000 appeals were sent by the National Woman's Party to suffragists in the States surrounding Chicago, asking them to take part in the demonstration of protest at the Republican convention.

The appeal was signed by Alice Paul, national chairman of the party, upon whom they withdrew all their efforts of the party, organizing the demonstration.

It read as follows: "The Legislature of Delaware refuses to ratify the suffrage amendment. The Republican governors of Connecticut and Vermont, where the Legislature is now in session, refuse to allow their legislators to meet. We are confronted by a serious emergency. It looks as though Republican opposition would prevent millions of women from voting this November."

"Will you join us on June 8, at the Republican convention, in Chicago, in a demonstration of protest against Republican action in holding up ratification in the one State needed? The demonstration will probably take the form of a line of women in front of the convention hall."

(Continued on Page Fourteen.)

**WILSON WILL LET CONGRESS ADJOURN**

WASHINGTON, June 3. (United Press).—President Wilson has informed Senator Underwood, Senate Democratic leader, that he will interpose no objection to Congress adjourning Saturday, it was learned today.

Wilson asked Underwood to convey the information to Senate Republican leaders.

**FRIENDS' SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT.**

Dr. William Starr Myers, of Princeton University, will address the senior class of the "Friends' School," at the graduation exercises which will take place at 10:30 o'clock in the morning of June 11. Commencement exercises of the school will be held from Tuesday until Friday next week.

The intermediate and high school recital will be held Thursday at 10 o'clock. The exercises for the third and fourth primary will be held on Wednesday at 4 o'clock. The first and second primary will hold their commencement exercises Tuesday at 10 o'clock.

Certified Milk for Infants—Glover Dairy Co.—Adv.

## VALENTINE, DETAINED AS KIDNAPPER, SAYS CHILD'S MOTHER SUGGESTED CRIME

### BABY COUGHLIN STILL MISSING

Norristown Police Get Finger Prints That May Prove Kidnapper Clue

PHILADELPHIA, June 3. (United Press).—Fingerprints and footprints were investigated by police today as clues for the capture of the kidnappers of Blakely Coughlin, 13-month-old baby stolen from his parents at Norristown Tuesday night.

Footprints indicated that the abduction was carried out by a man and a woman who used an automobile in their escape, police said.

Scores of posses composed of schoolboys of Norristown, aided by police dogs, were scouring hills and fields surrounding the Coughlin home. Fingerprint experts obtained some impressions from the window sill on the second floor, to which access was gained by means of a ladder.

A reward of \$1500 was offered by the commissioners of Montgomery county for the arrest of any one implicated in the kidnapping.

Blakely was described as a healthy and perfectly normal baby, with blue eyes, a fair round face, weighing about 30 pounds.

The police said they believed the kidnappers were well acquainted with the interior of the house. The baby's father did not get the alarm until the time he awakened and the time he went to the nursery.

"My wife thought the boy was coughing," he said.

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Certified Milk for Infants—Glover Dairy Co.—Adv.

Tired, Sleepy, 5-Year-old Edward LaBelle, Jr., Apparently Mistreated Since Taken From Smyrna Home, Awaits 'Muvver'. Alleged Kidnapper in Cell After Telling Police Where Child Could Be Found. Father Denies Wife Was in Plot

### STATE NOT YET OFFICIALLY INFORMED OF KIDNAPPING

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 3. (United Press).—A tired, sleepy, red-eyed five-year-old boy sat in the police station here today and wished his "muvver" hurry because he wanted to go home.

He was Edward La Belle, Jr., 5-year-old son of Edward La Belle, of Smyrna, Del., who was kidnapped from the porch of his home during a Memorial Day parade last Monday.

Little Edward was backward about making friends. Police said he had been mistreated since he was kidnapped and the lad was shy about making friends with any other strangers. However, when told that his mother would soon be there, his face lighted up with a smile that plainly showed a missing tooth.

In a cell in the station Jean Valentine was held accused of kidnapping the boy. Valentine was arrested by police after a twenty-four hour search. The first clue as to the whereabouts of Valentine and the boy was obtained yesterday when the parents received a letter saying that their son would be turned over to them if they came to Buffalo.

Valentine was caught on the street early today. The boy was not with him but he told police the child was at 111 Wilkinson street, a rooming house. Authorities immediately went to the address and the lad was found.

At the police station Valentine was sullen and uncommunicative. He said, according to police, that the mother of the child requested him to kidnap Frank, but gave no reason for the request.

Edward's father, who arrived shortly before noon, denied this. He said Valentine took the child in order to obtain \$200 that he had previously demanded. La Belle denied he owed Valentine the money.

So far as could be learned today, the Delaware Attorney General's department has taken no action in the LaBelle case, and has received no complaint of the boy's disappearance. Mr. and Mrs. Edward LaBelle, of Smyrna, the child's parents, left for Buffalo yesterday afternoon.

About 2 o'clock Sunday morning, Miss Mild Lamb, a sister of Mrs. LaBelle, was aroused by someone ringing the doorbell of their home on (Continued on Page Two.)

## ANTIS RETURN THEIR THANKS

"Splendid Character Killed Suffrage," Mrs. Thompson Declares

### SEES NATIONAL DEFEAT, ALSO

Mrs. Henry B. Thompson, president of the Delaware Anti-Suffrage Association, in expressing her thanks to the members of the Legislature and others who aided in the fight against ratification of the suffrage amendment by the Delaware Legislature, said today: "I am not surprised at the action of the Delaware Legislature in refusing to ratify the Susan B. Anthony amendment. It is what I predicted from the first, knowing the sentiments of our legislators, as regards suffrage, when in session in 1919. In fact, I should have been surprised if they had ratified it."

"The defeat is due to the splendid character and steadfastness of our Delaware men. With both party machines and leaders among the members of the Legislature and others who aided in the fight against ratification of the suffrage amendment by the Delaware Legislature, it was a foregone conclusion that the amendment would be defeated."

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A Safe Spring Tonic. CLOVER DAIRY BUTTERMILK.—Adv.

# Suffrage in Delaware & The Newspapers

## Delaware Historical Society/Delaware Digital Newspaper Primary Source Lesson

Development of this lesson funded by Delaware Historical Society.

**Lesson Title:** Suffrage in Delaware & The Newspapers

**Designed by:** Erin Sullivan, Cab Calloway School of the Arts

**Content Area:** Social Studies (History)

**Grade Level Options:**

- Grades 9-12 History 2 (Research/Interpretation)

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### Summary of Lesson

In this lesson, students will read letters written by Delaware soldiers to the Vietnam Mailbag expressing different views on the Vietnam War. Students will understand that a historian's choice of sources will impact his/her conclusion.

**Estimated Time to Complete:** 1 block period (approx 84 minutes).

- |                 |   |            |
|-----------------|---|------------|
| • Activity I:   | Warm-Up                                     | 5 minutes  |
| • Activity II:  | Mini-Lecture/Context                        | 7 minutes  |
| • Activity III: | Historical Skill: Research                  | 20 minutes |
| • Activity IV:  | Historical Skill:<br>Fact v. Interpretation | 20 minutes |
| • Activity V:   | Discussion/Debrief                          | 10 minutes |
| • Activity VI:  | Assessment                                  | 20 minutes |

Total Time = 82 minutes

### Resources Needed:

- Google Slides Presentation
- Computer with internet access
- Projector (e.g. LCD, Smartboard)
- Students need devices to conduct research



## Stage 1 – Desired Results

What students will know, do, and understand

### Delaware Content Standards

- **History 2a, 9-12:** Students will develop and implement effective research strategies for investigating a given historical topic.
- **History 2b, 9-12:** Students will examine and analyze primary and secondary sources in order to differentiate between historical facts and historical interpretations.

### English/Language Arts Connections

Students will...

- Determine the central idea
- Draw inferences
- Support argument with evidence from the text.
- Determine the meaning of words and phrases.

### Big Ideas

Newspapers, Democracy, Suffrage, Bias

### Lesson Enduring Understandings

Historians consult multiple sources when interpreting the past. It is impossible for a historian to consider every single source, so the sources that they do use shape their interpretation. One reason why historians have different interpretations of the past and reach different conclusions is because they consult different sources.

### Lesson Essential Questions

- Why didn't Delaware support the ratification of the 19th Amendment?

### Knowledge and Skills

Students will need to know...

Academic Vocabulary: suffrage, amendment, ratification

Students will be able to...

- analyze text
- identify fact and interpretation



## Stage 2 – Assessment Evidence

Evidence that will be collected to determine whether or not Desired Results are achieved

### Assessment

1. Why didn't Delaware support the ratification of the 19th Amendment?
2. In your writing, highlight your own interpretation.

### Rubric

2 = response describes a valid explanation as to why Delaware did not ratify the 19th Amendment, AND correctly identifies where they are making a historical interpretation.

1 = response describes a valid explanation as to why Delaware did not ratify the 19th Amendment, OR correctly identifies where they are making a historical interpretation, but does not include both.

## Stage 3 – Learning Plan

Design learning activities to align with Stage 1 and Stage 2 expectations

### Lesson:

In this lesson, students search the Delaware Digital Newspaper Project to find newspaper articles related to suffrage in Delaware.

### Essential Questions

- Why didn't Delaware support the ratification of the 19th Amendment?

### Instructional Strategies

#### Procedures

- Warm-Up** (developing context): Use the Google Slides presentation to share the warm-up question:
  - a. discuss their interpretation of the postcard.
  - b. ask students: Why might there be different views on suffrage?
  - c. ask students: What do you know about Delaware and suffrage?
- Mini-Lecture:** Use Slides to present a very brief overview of the suffrage movement. Included in the slides are key events, and key vocabulary. Help place Delaware into the context of the overall suffrage debate. Next, build context by explaining the Delaware Digital Newspaper Project.
  - a. Tell students that, in this lesson, they are going to read newspaper articles from Delaware in order to better understand the debate in Delaware around suffrage.
- Historical Thinking Skill: Research**
  - a. Introduce DDNP
  - b. Show search features and practice as a class. Use the slide to highlight how to change the dates, search terms, etc...
  - c. Show search results. Discuss ways to refine a search.
  - d. Select a search result. Use the slide to highlight tools available such as zoom in/out, downloading as a PDF or text, cutting a part of the article, and highlighted search terms.
  - e. Independent Practice: Students practice searching for their own article to use. NOTE: If you need to shorten the lesson, or do not access to enough devices, you can use the 5 articles with this lesson in place of a student search.



- IV. **Historical Thinking Skill: Fact v. Interpretation –**
- a. Use the slides to discuss the difference between fact and interpretation. Tell students that interpretations aren't bad, and they are a necessary part of filling in the gaps. However, it is important that, as readers, we are aware of them.
  - b. Students practice reading their newspaper article to identify facts and interpretations.
  - c. Share out: have students share their articles and where they saw facts and interpretations. Ask students to look for common trends across articles.
- V. **Discussion/Debrief:** As a large group, discuss how the articles answered the essential question: Why didn't Delaware support the ratification of the 19th Amendment?
- a. Depending on the articles the students selected, you may need to fill in some gaps or have students conduct additional research. This is a good resource: <https://archives.delaware.gov/women-vote-history/>
- VI. **Assessment:** have students respond to the writing prompt answering the essential question. Once they have completed their response, they should return to their writing to highlight the areas where they made historical interpretations.



# Suffrage in Delaware

...

Why didn't Delaware support the ratification of the 19th Amendment?



# Standards Addressed

**9-12a:** Students will develop and implement effective research strategies for investigating a given historical topic. **Grade 11 and 12**

**9-12b:** Students will examine and analyze primary and secondary sources in order to differentiate between historical facts and historical interpretations. **Grade 11 and 12**



# Essential Questions

Why didn't Delaware support the ratification of the 19th Amendment?

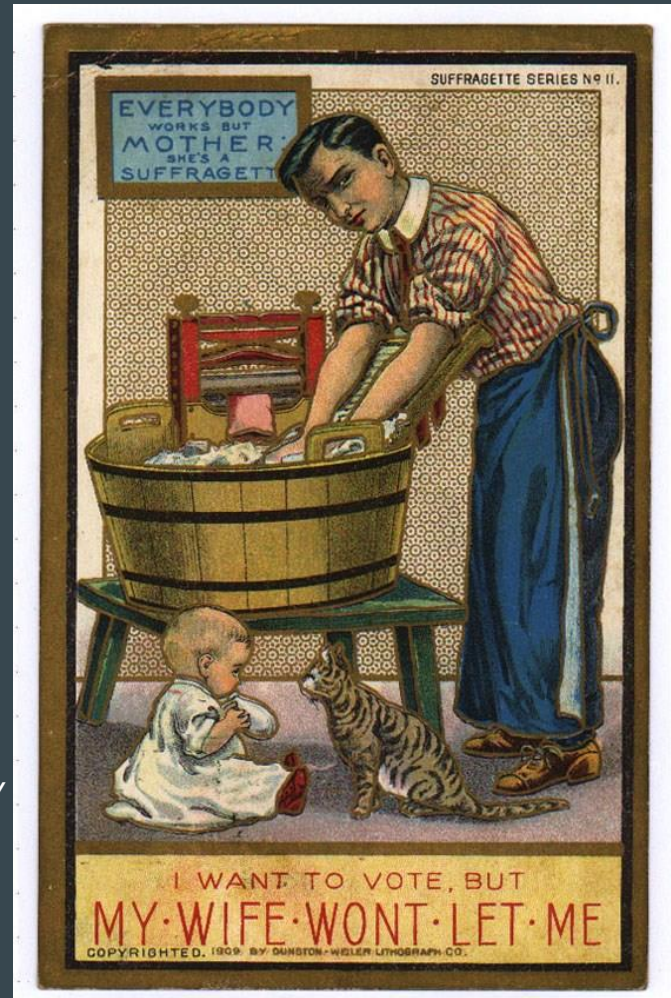


# Warm Up

What is the point of view of the artist who created this post card? How do you know?

*Source: Cartoon postcards produced by the Dunston-Weiler Lithograph Company of New York opposing woman suffrage.*

*1909. Palczewski, Catherine H. Postcard Archive. University of Northern Iowa.  
Cedar Falls, IA.*





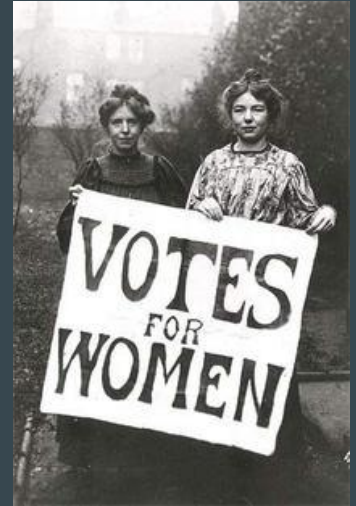
# Historical Context

- Seneca Falls Convention- July 1848
- Women organize, lobby and protest for a suffrage amendment
- 1870's- ask Congress to vote on suffrage amendment
- June 1919- Congress finally votes on 19th Amendment
- 36 states need to ratify
- Aug. 18, 1920- Tennessee becomes the 36th state to ratify the 19th Amendment



# 19th Amendment

*"The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex."*



# Delaware & The 19th Amendment

- Delaware had some notable suffragists
  - Mabel Vernon, Florence Bayard Hilles
- June 2, 1920- Delaware votes to reject ratification of the amendment
- March 6, 1923- Delaware ratified the 19th Amendment

Source: Delaware and the 19th Amendment, National Park Service



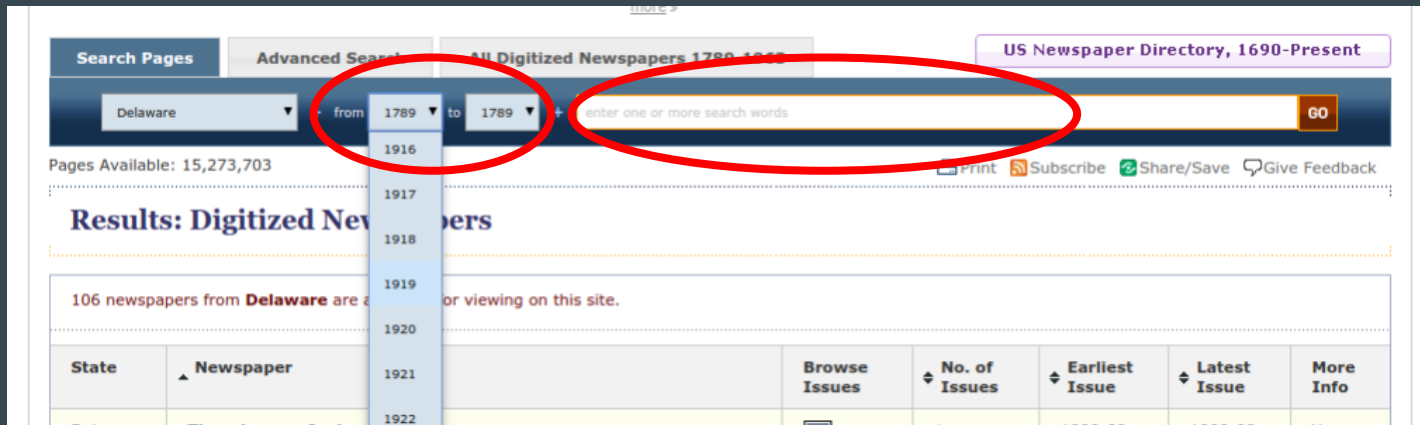
# Historical Thinking Skill: Research

- [The Delaware Digital Newspaper Project](#) is a digital collection of Delaware newspapers from 1789-1963
- Can use this tool to read newspapers from the past
- Collection is growing as more newspapers are scanned!

# Let's Practice

## Essential Question: Why didn't Delaware support the ratification of the 19th Amendment?

- What years should we use in our search?
- What search terms should we use?





# Search Results

Years: 1919-1920

Search Term: Suffrage

Results: 1006

[Search Pages](#) [Advanced Search](#) [All Digitized Newspapers 1789-1963](#) [US Newspaper Directory, 1690-Present](#)

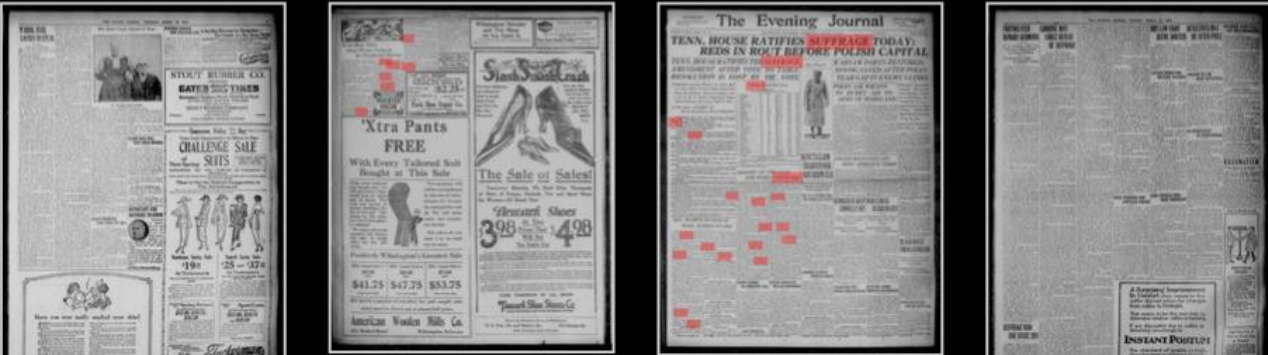
Delaware + from 1919 to 1920 + suffrage [GO](#)

Pages Available: 15,273,703 [Print](#) [Subscribe](#) [Share/Save](#) [Give Feedback](#)

Results 1 - 20 of 1006 [1](#) | [2](#) | [3](#) | ... | [49](#) | [50](#) | [51](#) [→](#) Jump to page:  [GO](#) **View:** [Gallery](#) [List](#)

1006 results containing "suffrage"

☐ Show only front pages **Sort by:** [Relevance](#) **Results per page:** [20](#)



Evening journal. [volume]  
[M]ilmington, Del., July 20, 1920

Evening journal. [volume]  
[M]ilmington, Del., July 20, 1920

# Practice Looking at a Search Result





# Activity 1: Independent Practice

Steps:

1. With a partner, go to the Delaware Digital Newspaper Project (DDNP)
2. Find one newspaper article related to Delaware's debate over the suffrage amendment.
3. Download the article in the desired format.



# Historical Thinking Skill: Fact v. Interpretation

**Fact:** a thing that is known, or proved to be true

**Interpretation:** the action of explaining the meaning of something

**Discussion:** why are both of these essential to the study of history?



# Activity 2, Step 1

Read your newspaper clip and completed the following table:

Newspaper (title, date)

Facts:

Interpretations:

# Activity 2, Step 2

Debrief:

- Take turns sharing out your article findings.
- Do the different articles agree on the facts? Are there similar interpretations or different interpretations?
- How do these articles help us understand why Delaware didn't ratify the 19th Amendment?



# Write about it!

Why didn't Delaware ratify the 19th Amendment?

Answer using evidence from your sources!

After completing your paragraph, use a highlighter to indicate where you made historical interpretations.