```
00:00:00,000 --> 00:00:02,233
Because DELCAT Discovery is
2
00:00:02,233 --> 00:00:05,666
designed to expose researchers to related content that might
3
00:00:05,666 --> 00:00:09,100
be helpful, and because it searches items owned by libraries
4
00:00:09,100 --> 00:00:12,466
around the world, finding a specific item can sometimes
5
00:00:12,466 --> 00:00:15,833
be tricky. This video will show you some tricks that you can use
6
00:00:15,833 --> 00:00:18,366
when searching for known items. Giving DELCAT
7
00:00:18,366 --> 00:00:20,900
Discovery very specific directions
8
00:00:20,900 --> 00:00:23,966
by using search commands, is the key to getting specific
00:00:23,966 --> 00:00:27,066
results.
10
00:00:27,066 --> 00:00:30,166
11
00:00:30,166 --> 00:00:33,266
In the following search, notice the many different results that come
12
00:00:33,266 --> 00:00:37,266
up when searching for a title without using any search command.
```

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13
00:00:37,266 --> 00:00:41,300
However, when adding in commands such as quotation marks,
14
00:00:41,300 --> 00:00:44,766
which tell the system to search for this as an exact phrase,
15
00:00:44,766 --> 00:00:48,233
more specific - and sometimes more relevant - items can
16
00:00:48,233 --> 00:00:51,800
be found.
17
00:00:51,800 --> 00:00:55,366
18
00:00:55,366 --> 00:00:58,933
The book version of "A Game
19
00:00:58,933 --> 00:01:02,500
of Thrones" rises to the top of our results, and there are many
20
00:01:02,500 --> 00:01:06,500
```

related items displayed here, including television series, graphic novels,

21 00:01:06,500 --> 00:01:10,500 and more, which have the same - or similar - titles.

22 00:01:10,500 --> 00:01:15,400 If you only wish to see one type of format, use the format options to limit your

23 00:01:15,400 --> 00:01:19,866 results to just one type of resource. Notice how

24

00:01:19,866 --> 00:01:24,333 our search has been entered at the top of the screen. When we selected "Title"

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25
00:01:24,333 --> 00:01:27,700
at the beginning of our search, TI: was
26
00:01:27,700 --> 00:01:31,100
entered into the system, which commands DELCAT Discovery to
27
00:01:31,100 --> 00:01:34,233
search for these words as keywords within the title first,
28
00:01:34,233 --> 00:01:37,400
and then search for keywords in other areas of
29
00:01:37,400 --> 00:01:41,966
the record, such as the table of contents. Because we are not only
30
00:01:41,966 --> 00:01:46,533
searching words in the title, this means we may occasionally see puzzling results like this
31
00:01:46,533 --> 00:01:49,666
one, [The Life of Thomas More book is on display] in which the title does not match, but
32
00:01:49,666 --> 00:01:52,800
keywords are present somewhere in the record.
33
00:01:52,800 --> 00:01:56,500
[The words "Games" and "Throne" are circled in the record's "Contents" section.]
34
00:01:56,500 --> 00:02:00,233
[The words "Games" and "Throne" are circled in the record's "Contents" section.]
35
00:02:00,233 --> 00:02:03,966
Consult the search tips section of the DELCAT Discovery guide,
36
00:02:03,966 --> 00:02:07,700
```

for more search commands that can help you to search for specific authors

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37
```

00:02:07,700 --> 00:02:10,933 and subject keywords. If you find

38

00:02:10,933 --> 00:02:14,166

that using TI: to search for keywords within

39

00:02:14,166 --> 00:02:17,600

the title field isn't working for you, you can also try to

40

00:02:17,600 --> 00:02:21,066

search an exact title by using the TI=

41

00:02:21,066 --> 00:02:24,533

command. This will search for content only

42

00:02:24,533 --> 00:02:28,000

in the title field. Note how this small

43

00:02:28,000 --> 00:02:31,733

change to the search command has changed your results. Now everything

44

00:02:31,733 --> 00:02:37,000

that is included has "Game of Thrones" in the title field.

45

00:02:37,000 --> 00:02:40,566

In all of the

46

00:02:40,566 --> 00:02:44,133

previous examples, the desired item has been returned as the

47

00:02:44,133 --> 00:02:47,133

first record within many other results,

48

00:02:47,133 --> 00:02:50,133

but what if you don't see the item that you're looking for at all?

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49
00:02:50,133 --> 00:02:54,700
Let's say you want to see if the Library has this book [lan Stewart's "Nature's Numbers" book is displayed].

50
00:02:54,700 --> 00:02:58,333
First, make sure you have typed in the whole title,

51
00:02:58,333 --> 00:03:03,866
```

without spelling errors. It sometimes happens that items share part, or all of their titles, 52 00:03:03,866 --> 00:03:09,400

53 00:03:09,400 --> 00:03:12,900

so try to be specific.

54 00:03:12,900 --> 00:03:16,400

55
00:03:16,400 --> 00:03:20,500
Another snag that you may run into is that you may not see the book that you

56 00:03:20,500 --> 00:03:25,000 are seeking in the results at all.

57 00:03:25,000 --> 00:03:29,200 In this case, try re-sorting your results. DELCAT

58
00:03:29,200 --> 00:03:33,433
Discovery preferences items held here at UD, so if you do not see your item

59
00:03:33,433 --> 00:03:37,700
at first, check to see if it is held at another library, by switching the drop-

60 00:03:37,700 --> 00:03:41,966 down sort menu to "Relevance Only". 61

00:03:41,966 --> 00:03:46,233

If you still do not see your book, try Google or Amazon to verify that you

62

00:03:46,233 --> 00:03:54,000

have the correct title, spelling or author name--if you are searching by author. There are many other ways to make

63

00:03:54,000 --> 00:03:58,733

DELCAT Discovery work for you. If you're having trouble finding what you need, please

64

00:03:58,733 --> 00:04:03,500

contact a Librarian for help by clicking on "Ask the Library" on the home page,

65

00:04:03,500 --> 00:04:07,033

or by visiting us at the Reference Desk.

66

00:04:07,033 --> 00:04:09,399