1 00:00:00,000 --> 00:00:02,733

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00:00:02,733 --> 00:00:05,666 A quick and easy way to look for

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00:00:05,666 --> 00:00:08,100 scholarly publications - especially in the

4

00:00:08,100 --> 00:00:10,200 early stages of your research process - is

5

00:00:10,200 --> 00:00:13,066 to use Google Scholar. It's a good

6

00:00:13,066 --> 00:00:14,900 complement to the more specialized

7 00:00:14,900 --> 00:00:17,400 library databases although it doesn't

8 00:00:17,400 --> 00:00:20,600 replace them. This tutorial will cover

9 00:00:20,600 --> 00:00:23,400 the basic search process and the "library

10 00:00:23,400 --> 00:00:25,700 links" setting. you can get the Google

11 00:00:25,700 --> 00:00:27,766 Scholar by going directly to

12

00:00:27,766 --> 00:00:30,233 scholar.google.com

00:00:30,233 --> 00:00:33,900 or you can get there coming in through the

14

00:00:33,900 --> 00:00:37,700 library's database page. From this page

15

00:00:37,700 --> 00:00:41,733 click on "G", scroll through the list until

16

00:00:41,733 --> 00:00:44,233 you see Google Scholar, and click on that

17 00:00:44,233 --> 00:00:45,700 link.

18 00:00:45,700 --> 00:00:48,733 Let's start by conducting a basic search

19 00:00:48,733 --> 00:00:51,766 using the topic "herbicides in

20 00:00:51,766 --> 00:00:56,933 groundwater". The results page looks a

21 00:00:56,933 --> 00:00:58,900 little different from the standard

22

00:00:58,900 --> 00:01:02,166 Google search. You see a list of sources

23 00:01:02,166 --> 00:01:04,700 which can include journal articles, books,

24

00:01:04,700 --> 00:01:06,066 case-law,

00:01:06,066 --> 00:01:11,733 charts, etc. Each result as a title, a list

26

00:01:11,733 --> 00:01:14,400 of authors, partial citation information,

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00:01:14,400 --> 00:01:18,766 and an extract with your search terms

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00:01:18,766 --> 00:01:22,100 highlighted. There is also some valuable

29 00:01:22,100 --> 00:01:24,500 information at the end such as the

30

00:01:24,500 --> 00:01:26,566 number of times an article was cited in

31 00:01:26,566 --> 00:01:29,300 other publications, and a link to related

32 00:01:29,300 --> 00:01:33,366 articles. On the left side you can limit

33 00:01:33,366 --> 00:01:36,133 the results by date, or sort by relevance

34 00:01:36,133 --> 00:01:39,400 or by date, and you have the option of

35 00:01:39,400 --> 00:01:41,600 including or excluding patents and

36 00:01:41,600 --> 00:01:46,033 citations. On the right side you have

00:01:46,033 --> 00:01:48,566 links which generally lead you to the

38

00:01:48,566 --> 00:01:51,100 full text of an article in either HTML

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00:01:51,100 --> 00:01:57,166 or PDF format. Clicking on a title will

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00:01:57,166 --> 00:01:59,600 take you to that article page where,

41 00:01:59,600 --> 00:02:01,166 depending on the publisher and

42

00:02:01,166 --> 00:02:03,666 subscription, you may have access to the

43 00:02:03,666 --> 00:02:07,600 full-text. Look for the PDF icon or

44

00:02:07,600 --> 00:02:10,433 scroll down past the abstract to see if

45

00:02:10,433 --> 00:02:13,133 the full text is there in the browser. A

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00:02:13,133 --> 00:02:16,533 more direct way to reach the full text

47

00:02:16,533 --> 00:02:20,466 is to use these HTML/PDF links. Clicking

48

00:02:20,466 --> 00:02:23,266 on HTML takes you to the article page in

00:02:23,266 --> 00:02:25,400 the browser where the full text is

50 00:02:25,400 --> 00:02:28,266 available as we saw in the previous case.

51

00:02:28,266 --> 00:02:32,200 Clicking on a PDF link opens the file in

52

00:02:32,200 --> 00:02:34,733 a browser and you have the options of

53 00:02:34,733 --> 00:02:37,833 reading it there, or downloading it to

54

00:02:37,833 --> 00:02:40,533 your desktop or other location, or

55 00:02:40,533 --> 00:02:44,833 printing a copy. For those articles which

56 00:02:44,833 --> 00:02:48,966 do not have a PDF or HTML option, select

57 00:02:48,966 --> 00:02:53,100 the "Get It" link. Oftentimes this will get

58 00:02:53,100 --> 00:02:55,066 you to the article page with full-text

59 00:02:55,066 --> 00:02:57,733 access. But when no full text is

60 00:02:57,733 --> 00:03:00,633 available use the: "Request a copy through

00:03:00,633 --> 00:03:04,133 Interlibrary Loan" link. Use this service

62

00:03:04,133 --> 00:03:05,633 whenever you come across an article

63

00:03:05,633 --> 00:03:08,100 that's not available or is requesting

64

00:03:08,100 --> 00:03:10,900 payment. Do not pay for articles! Your

65 00:03:10,900 --> 00:03:12,833 course fees already provide you with

66

00:03:12,833 --> 00:03:16,700 extensive library services. If you are

67 00:03:16,700 --> 00:03:19,400 not seeing the "Get It" link you may need

68 00:03:19,400 --> 00:03:21,866 to check the "library links" setting.

69 00:03:21,866 --> 00:03:24,200 Configuring this setting allows Google

70 00:03:24,200 --> 00:03:27,000 Scholar to check for license access to

71 00:03:27,000 --> 00:03:28,966 articles and includes links in the

72 00:03:28,966 --> 00:03:33,033 results list. To check the settings go to

00:03:33,033 --> 00:03:36,166 the collapsed menu and click on settings.

74

00:03:36,166 --> 00:03:40,300 Next, click on "library links". If you do

75

00:03:40,300 --> 00:03:43,700 not see any check boxes do a search for

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00:03:43,700 --> 00:03:46,700 University of Delaware. Check the

77 00:03:46,700 --> 00:03:49,633 appropriate boxes. Also search for

78

00:03:49,633 --> 00:03:55,100 WorldCat, and check that box as well. This

79 00:03:55,100 --> 00:03:56,966 will bring in results from the library

80 00:03:56,966 --> 00:03:59,766 catalog. These then are the correct

81 00:03:59,766 --> 00:04:01,833 settings to get links to the library

82

00:04:01,833 --> 00:04:04,266 resources into the Google Scholar

83

00:04:04,266 --> 00:04:08,600 results list. If at any point in the

84

00:04:08,600 --> 00:04:11,633 process you run into trouble please feel

00:04:11,633 --> 00:04:13,633 free to reach out to the library for

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00:04:13,633 --> 00:04:16,066 support.